

Date picked up \_

# STIC EIC 2100 Search Request Form



	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
	te would you like to use to limit the search? ate: 4   つ   2 0 0   Other:			
Name Leslie World	Format for Search Results (Circle One):			
AU 2167 Examiner # 78953	PAPER DISK EMAIL			
Room # <u>3809</u> Phone <u>2-4120</u>	Where have you searched so far?			
l .	USP DWPI EPO JPO ACM IBM TDB			
Serial # 09/918, 29 5	IEEE INSPEC SPI Other			
Is this a "Fast & Focused" Search Request? (Circle One) YES NO A "Fast & Focused" Search is completed in 2-3 hours (maximum). The search must be on a very specific topic and meet certain criteria. The criteria are posted in EIC2100 and on the EIC2100 NPL Web Page at http://ptoweb/patents/stic/stic-tc2100.htm.				
and the state of t	fic details defining the desired focus of this search? Please			
What is the topic, novelty, motivation, utility, or other specific details defining the desired focus of this search? Please include the concepts, synonyms, keywords, acronyms, definitions, strategies, and anything else that helps to describe the topic. Please attach a copy of the abstract, background, brief summary, pertinent claims and any citations of relevant art you have found.				
Topic Virtual hard Drive				
Novelli: Virtual hard drive un an emulated Compater				
a write operations to the Virtual drive are made to				
the differencing drive and the differencing drive				
rewids the writes to the virtual hard drive aid				
Expand in size to recommodate the content or write				
Operations to the virtua				
See allacked Denick history				
·	•			
STIC Searcher Seoffrey 81- Coper				
STIC Sealcher Control Control				



Date Completed\_

File 347: JAPIO Nov 1976-2005/Feb (Updated 050606) (c) 2005 JPO & JAPIO File 350:Derwent WPIX 1963-2005/UD, UM &UP=200535 (c) 2005 Thomson Derwent Set Items Description S1 EMULAT???? OR SIMULAT???? OR (VIRTUAL? OR GUEST) (2W) (PC? ? OR COMPUTER? ? OR SYSTEM? ? OR OS OR ENVIRONMENT) DRIVE OR DRIVES OR DISK? ? OR DISC? ? OR HARDDRIVE? ? OR H-S2 3245286 ARDDISK? ? OR HARDDISC? ? OR STORE? ? OR STORAGE S3 (VIRTUAL OR EMULAT? OR SIMULAT? OR GUEST) (2W) S2 DIFFERENCING(2W) (S2 OR FILE? ? OR FOLDER? ? OR PARTITION? ? S4 OR AREA) (TEMPORARY OR TRANSIENT OR STAGING) (2W) (S2 OR FILE? ? OR F-S5 OLDER? ? OR PARTITION? ? OR AREA) (SECOND? OR 2ND OR SUBORDINATE? OR CHILD OR DIFFERENT OR S-S6 64045 EPARATE) (2W) (S2 OR FILE? ? OR FOLDER? ? OR PARTITION? ? OR AR-EA) S1 AND S3 S7 1675 S7 AND S4:S6 S8 66 (S1 OR S3) AND S4:S6 S 9 701 (WRIT??? OR WRITTEN OR CHANG??? OR DELET???? OR ERAS???? OR S10 238294 UPDAT??? OR EDIT??? OR MODIF????? OR MODIFICATION? ? OR ALTER-??? OR ALTERATION? ?)(10N)(S2 OR FILE? ? OR FOLDER? ? OR PART-ITION? ? OR AREA) 122 S9 AND S10 S11 S12 35 S11 NOT (STORE OR STORAGE) S13 15 S3 AND S5 29950 S2(7N)(SYNC??? OR SYNCHRONIZ??????? OR SYNCHRONIS?????? OR -S14 RECONCIL? OR CONFORM? OR MAP????) S15 14 S11 AND S14 S16 935 RAM()(DISK OR DRIVE? ?)

RECONCIL? OR CONFORM? OR MAP????)

S16(10N)(SYNC??? OR SYNCHRONIZ?????? OR SYNCHRONIS?????? OR

S17

15/5/1 (Item 1 from file: 347)

DIALOG(R) File 347: JAPIO

(c) 2005 JPO & JAPIO. All rts. reserv.

06898240 \*\*Image available\*\*

DATA STORAGE SYSTEM AND DATA MANAGING METHOD FOR THE SAME

PUB. NO.: 2001-125750 [JP 2001125750 A]

PUBLISHED: May 11, 2001 (20010511)

INVENTOR(s): ISHII TAKASHI APPLICANT(s): TOSHIBA CORP

APPL. NO.: 11-309388 [JP 99309388] FILED: October 29, 1999 (19991029)

INTL CLASS: G06F-003/06; G06F-012/00; G06F-012/16; G11B-019/02;

G11B-020/10

#### ABSTRACT

PROBLEM TO BE SOLVED: To provide a data storage system for dynamically controlling the throughput of a logically single **virtual** data **storage** device composed of physically **different** plural data **storage** devices.

SOLUTION: A dike subsystem 5 composes a virtual disk device by securing in a state of overlapping the same data area on plural magnetic disk devices 9 and when a write request to this virtual disk device is received, a write request command is inputted to a queue 8 of the magnetic disk device 9 with the minimum load. Besides, copy to the other magnetic disk device 9 is executed in the background. When a read request is received, a read request command is inputted to the queue 8 of the magnetic disk device 9, where effective data exist, with the minimum load. Then, by managing the number or the like of magnetic disk devices 9 composing of the virtual disk device while using a logical disk map 6, the throughput performance of the virtual disk device is dynamically controlled.

COPYRIGHT: (C) 2001, JPO

15/5/2 (Item 2 from file: 347)

DIALOG(R) File 347: JAPIO

(c) 2005 JPO & JAPIO. All rts. reserv.

06178433 \*\*Image available\*\*

SIMULATION METHOD FOR COMPUTER STORAGE DEVICE

PUB. NO.: 11-119982 [JP 11119982 A] PUBLISHED: April 30, 1999 (19990430)

INVENTOR(s): BEELITZ ALAN E

APPLICANT(s): DELL USA LP

APPL. NO.: 10-200970 [JP 98200970] FILED: July 15, 1998 (19980715)

PRIORITY: 947138 [US 947138], US (United States of America), October

08, 1997 (19971008)

INTL CLASS: G06F-009/06; G06F-009/445

# ABSTRACT

PROBLEM TO BE SOLVED: To provide a system and a method for remapping a logic reference corresponding to a 1st storage device to a **2nd storage** device.

SOLUTION: A computer is provided with a processor for driving a software containing an operating code, a 1st storage device 16 which can be accessed by the processor and is divided into more than one domains while having the 1st domain in active state, and a 2nd storage device which cannot be

accessed by the processor, the operating code is provided with the logic reference corresponding to the 2nd storage device and a table 42 for mapping the logic reference to the 2nd storage device, a reference change routine is provided for dynamically changing the logic reference corresponding to the 2nd domain of the 1st storage device 16 by changing the table 42, the table 42 is updated after the reference has been changed and in place of it, an arbitrary reference with respect to the 2nd device is generated, corresponding to the 2nd domain of the 1st storage device 16.

COPYRIGHT: (C) 1999, JPO

(Item 3 from file: 347)

DIALOG(R) File 347: JAPIO

(c) 2005 JPO & JAPIO. All rts. reserv.

\*\*Image available\*\* 05293717

CACHE MANAGEMENT DEVICE

08-249217 [JP 8249217 A] PUB. NO.: September 27, 1996 (19960927) PUBLISHED:

KAWAMURA TOSHIKAZU INVENTOR(s):

TSUCHIYA TAKEHIKO WAKIZONO TATSUJI TANAKA TATEJI

APPLICANT(s): TOSHIBA CORP [000307] (A Japanese Company or Corporation), JP

(Japan)

APPL. NO.: 07-055554 [JP 9555554] March 15, 1995 (19950315) FILED:

[6] G06F-012/00 INTL CLASS:

JAPIO CLASS: 45.2 (INFORMATION PROCESSING -- Memory Units)

### ABSTRACT

PURPOSE: To provide a cache management device capable of mapping the page of a cache area to virtual storage space and being utilized for the fault restoration of a data base as well.

CONSTITUTION: This device is provided with a page management means 32 for managing data stored in the data base 31 by a logical page unit, the cache area 25 arranged in a nonvolatile area on a secondary storage device, a page storage means for storing the page received from the data base 31 in the cache area 25, a data base area 22 arranged in the virtual storage space, a mapping means 23 for making the page stored in the cache area 25 correspond to the free area of the data base area 22, a means for dissolving mapping corresponding to a storage request and making the changed page contents of the data base area 22 reflected in the cache area 25 and the page storage means for making the page updated in the

cache area 25 reflected in the data base 31.

(Item 4 from file: 347) 15/5/4

DIALOG(R) File 347: JAPIO

(c) 2005 JPO & JAPIO. All rts. reserv.

02424040 \*\*Image available\*\*

NON-SHARED PATCHING SYSTEM FOR SHARED PROGRAM

63-040940 [JP 63040940 A] PUB. NO.: February 22, 1988 (19880222) MUROTANI YUJI PUBLISHED:

INVENTOR(s):

APPLICANT(s): NEC CORP [000423] (A Japanese Company or Corporation), JP

(Japan)

61-184633 [JP 86184633] APPL. NO.: FILED: August 05, 1986 (19860805) INTL CLASS: [4] G06F-009/46; G06F-009/06; G06F-012/10

JAPIO CLASS: 45.1 (INFORMATION PROCESSING -- Arithmetic Sequence Units);

45.2 (INFORMATION PROCESSING -- Memory Units)

JOURNAL: Section: P, Section No. 731, Vol. 12, No. 253, Pg. 9, July

16, 1988 (19880716)

#### **ABSTRACT**

PURPOSE: To execute a patch change of a shared program, to only a specific task, by storing the **change** contents in an address in a program on a main **storage** device, at the time loading a page containing an address of the shared program, onto an intrinsic **virtual storage** area.

CONSTITUTION: First of all, a non-shared virtual storage area 21 for loading a shared program 5 is secured in an intrinsic virtual storage area 10 of a task 4. Subsequently, an address of a shared program store area 22 of the program 5 in a secondary storage device 6 is set to an external page table corresponding to the storage area 21. Simultaneously, by relocating a virtual address of the program 5 so as to be brought to addressing to the storage area 21, the storage area 22 in the device 6 is brought to mapping to the storage area 21. Thereafter, a real page RP1 of a main storage device 7 is allocated to the storage area 21 by a paging function, and a program text of the program 5 is page-loaded from the device 6. In such a case, the change contents are sent to the real page RP1 of the device 7 from a change contents store device 3.

15/5/5 (Item 1 from file: 350)

DIALOG(R)File 350:Derwent WPIX

(c) 2005 Thomson Derwent. All rts. reserv.

016080223 \*\*Image available\*\*

WPI Acc No: 2004-238084/200422

XRPX Acc No: N04-188786

Remote digital data transferring method, involves saving indication of write command as entry in queue file and sending a copy of data file to the server based on entries, where file is to be copied from data file on file system

Patent Assignee: GRUINTINE PUECHE INC (GRUI-N); ELDER K (ELDE-I); HEMMERS O (HEMM-I)

Inventor: ELDER K; HEMMERS O

Number of Countries: 100 Number of Patents: 003

Patent Family:

Patent No Kind Date Applicat No Kind Date Week
US 20040039889 Al 20040226 US 2002225103 A 20020820 200422 B
WO 200419214 Al 20040304 WO 2003US23333 A 20030725 200422
AU 2003256817 Al 20040311 AU 2003256817 A 20030725 200457

Priority Applications (No Type Date): US 2002225103 A 20020820

Patent Details:

Patent No Kind Lan Pg Main IPC Filing Notes

US 20040039889 A1 19 G06F-012/16

WO 200419214 A1 E G06F-012/16

Designated States (National): AE AG AL AM AT AU AZ BA BB BG BR BY BZ CA CH CN CO CR CU CZ DE DK DM DZ EC EE ES FI GB GD GE GH GM HR HU ID IL IN IS JP KE KG KP KR KZ LC LK LR LS LT LU LV MA MD MG MK MN MW MX MZ NO NZ OM PH PL PT RO RU SD SE SG SK SL TJ TM TN TR TT TZ UA UG UZ VN YU ZA ZM ZW

Designated States (Regional): AT BE BG CH CY CZ DE DK EA EE ES FI FR GB GH GM GR HU IE IT KE LS LU MC MW MZ NL OA PT RO SD SE SI SK SL SZ TR TZ UG ZM ZW

AU 2003256817 A1 G06F-012/16 Based on patent WO 200419214

Abstract (Basic): US 20040039889 A1

NOVELTY - The method involves receiving an indication of a  $\mbox{write}$  command to a data  $\mbox{file}$  on a  $\mbox{file}$  system on a server. The indication

is saved as an entry in a queue file (425) that stores entries of processed file system commands to the file system. A copy of the data file is sent to another server based on the entries in the queue file. The copied data file is to be copied from the data file on the file system. DETAILED DESCRIPTION - An INDEPENDENT CLAIM is also included for a computer system. USE - Used for transferring digital data through mirroring, backup and synchronization between local and geographically remote data storage facilities. ADVANTAGE - The method allows to write themselves in a separate, volatile buffer system and hence does not require temporary storage of the physical data disk . The method provides remote data synchronization without special hardware configurations or need for an expensive high-speed network. DESCRIPTION OF DRAWING(S) - The drawing shows a block diagram of a dynamically loadable mirroring module (DLMM). Data transfer agent (250) File operations request (410) Queue file (425) Virtual file system (430) Real file system (440) pp; 19 DwgNo 3/9 Title Terms: REMOTE; DIGITAL; DATA; TRANSFER; METHOD; SAVE; INDICATE; WRITING; COMMAND; ENTER; QUEUE; FILE; SEND; COPY; DATA; FILE; SERVE; BASED; ENTER; FILE; COPY; DATA; FILE; FILE; SYSTEM Derwent Class: T01 International Patent Class (Main): G06F-012/16 File Segment: EPI 15/5/6 (Item 2 from file: 350) DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX (c) 2005 Thomson Derwent. All rts. reserv. 015597950 \*\*Image available\*\* WPI Acc No: 2003-660105/200362 XRPX Acc No: N03-526395 Data backup and restoration method in e.g. laptop computer, involves reallocating primary virtual storage to include data stored in secondary virtual storage, by updating virtual storage map in response to save command Patent Assignee: VOOM TECHNOLOGIES INC (VOOM-N); BIESSENER D W (BIES-I); BIESSENER G R (BIES-I); CHECKY M T (CHEC-I) Inventor: BIESSENER D W; BIESSENER G R; CHECKY M T Number of Countries: 100 Number of Patents: 003 Patent Family: Patent No Kind Date Applicat No Kind Date US 20030115432 A1 20030619 US 200120086 Α 20011214 200362 WO 200352604 A1 20030626 WO 2002US40031 A 20021211 200362 AU 2002359710 AU 2002359710 A1 20030630 Α 20021211 200420 Priority Applications (No Type Date): US 200120086 A 20011214 Patent Details: Patent No Kind Lan Pg Main IPC Filing Notes 20 G06F-012/00 US 20030115432 A1 WO 200352604 A1 E G06F-012/16 Designated States (National): AE AG AL AM AT AU AZ BA BB BG BR BY BZ CA CH CN CO CR CU CZ DE DK DM DZ EC EE ES FI GB GD GE GH GM HR HU ID IL IN IS JP KE KG KP KR KZ LC LK LR LS LT LU LV MA MD MG MK MN MW MX MZ NO NZ

Designated States (Regional): AT BE BG CH CY CZ DE DK EA EE ES FI FR GB GH GM GR IE IT KE LS LU MC MW MZ NL OA PT SD SE SI SK SL SZ TR TZ UG ZM ZW

OM PH PL PT RO RU SD SE SG SK SL TJ TM TN TR TT TZ UA UG UZ VN YU ZA ZM

Abstract (Basic): US 6493811 B1

AU 2002359710 A1 G06F-012/16 Based on patent WO 200352604 Abstract (Basic): US 20030115432 A1 NOVELTY - A virtual storage map (VSM) is stored in a storage system (8) to allocate primary virtual storage (10A) and secondary virtual storage (10B) within the system. The VSM is updated when a save command is received, so as to reallocate the storage to include data stored in the secondary primary **virtual** virtual storage DETAILED DESCRIPTION - INDEPENDENT CLAIMS are also included for the following: (1) data backup and restoration system; and (2) data backup and restoration apparatus USE - For backup and restoration of data in computing device such as handheld computer, laptop computer, desktop computer, super computer, web server, file server and database server. ADVANTAGE - Enables quick backup and restoration of data within a computing device, by dynamically reallocating the virtual within the storage system. DESCRIPTION OF DRAWING(S) - The figure shows the block diagram of the data backup and restoration system. data backup and restoration system (2) processor (4) controller (6) storage system (8) primary virtual storage (10A) secondary virtual storage (10B) pp; 20 DwgNo 1/14 Title Terms: DATA; RESTORATION; METHOD; COMPUTER; PRIMARY; VIRTUAL; STORAGE DATA; STORAGE; SECONDARY; VIRTUAL; STORAGE; UPDATE; VIRTUAL; STORAGE; MAP; RESPOND; SAVE; COMMAND Derwent Class: T01 International Patent Class (Main): G06F-012/00; G06F-012/16 International Patent Class (Additional): G06F-012/14 File Segment: EPI (Item 3 from file: 350) DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX (c) 2005 Thomson Derwent. All rts. reserv. \*\*Image available\*\* 015279489 WPI Acc No: 2003-340420/200332 Related WPI Acc No: 2003-362634 XRPX Acc No: N03-272270 Mass storage system controller apparatus for computer system, has file system containing command region processor that maps files of data storage system to mapped data regions, based on map command and map arguments Patent Assignee: COMPUTER ASSOC THINK INC (COMP-N) Inventor: BLADES J A; DEWEY M C; THOMPSON B A; VAN MAREN D J; WILSON J M Number of Countries: 001 Number of Patents: 001. Patent Family: Patent No Kind Applicat No Kind Date Date Week US 6493811 B1 20021210 US 9872582 P 19980126 200332 B US 99233979 19990120 Priority Applications (No Type Date): US 9872582 P 19980126; US 99233979 A 19990120 Patent Details: Main IPC Patent No Kind Lan Pg Filing Notes 24 G06F-012/00 Provisional application US 9872582 US 6493811 B1

NOVELTY - A file system (46) has a processor functioning as a

command region processor and as a mapped data region processor. A disk emulator (48) passes controller commands including a map command with map arguments to the processor. The command region processor responds to the map command and map arguments, and maps files of a data storage system to the mapped data regions.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION - INDEPENDENT CLAIMS are included for the following:

- (1) peripheral system controller;
- (2) file control operations and data transfer operations performing method;
- (3) computer program **storage** medium storing **write** /read access provision program; and
- (4) computer program product for performing file control operations and data transfer operations.

 $\ensuremath{\mathsf{USE}}$  - Mass storage system controller apparatus for computers systems.

ADVANTAGE - Allows multiple computers with different operating systems to dynamically share data and storage at **different storage** speeds. Integrates new ideas and functionality without disruption of the existing behavior. Storage technology vendors can develop and support storage devices with vastly different characteristic with the same host integration. Also, allows capacity to be added seamlessly without the need to bring the system down for a long reconfiguration processes.

 $\overline{\mbox{DESCRIPTION OF DRAWING(S)}}$  - The figure shows a mass storage system controller.

file system (46) disk emulator (48

pp; 24 DwgNo 1/12

Title Terms: MASS; STORAGE; SYSTEM; CONTROL; APPARATUS; COMPUTER; SYSTEM; FILE; SYSTEM; CONTAIN; COMMAND; REGION; PROCESSOR; MAP; FILE; DATA; STORAGE; SYSTEM; MAP; DATA; REGION; BASED; MAP; COMMAND; MAP; ARGUMENT

Derwent Class: T01; T03

International Patent Class (Main): G06F-012/00

File Segment: EPI

15/5/8 (Item 4 from file: 350)
DIALOG(R)File 350:Derwent WPIX
(c) 2005 Thomson Derwent. All rts. reserv.

015148487 \*\*Image available\*\*
WPI Acc No: 2003-209014/200320

XRPX Acc No: N03-166570

Virtual hard drive for computer system, has dynamically expanding file through which client computer performs content write operations to fixed size file

Patent Assignee: CONNECTIX CORP (CONN-N); CHAKRABORTY P (CHAK-I); GILES A (GILE-I); TRAUT E P (TRAU-I)

Inventor: CHAKRABORTY P; GILES A S; TRAUT E P; GILES A

Number of Countries: 100 Number of Patents: 003

Patent Family:

Patent No Kind Date Applicat No Kind Date Week
US 20020147862 Al 20021010 US 2001282111 P 20010407 200320 B
US 2001918295 A 20010730

WO 200282262 A2 20021017 WO 2002US10078 A 20020401 200331 AU 2002338365 A1 20021021 AU 2002338365 A 20020401 200433

Priority Applications (No Type Date): US 2001282111 P 20010407; US 2001918295 A 20010730

Patent Details:

Patent No Kind Lan Pg Main IPC Filing Notes
US 20020147862 A1 13 G06F-003/00 Provisional application US 2001282111

WO 200282262 A2 E G06F-009/40

Designated States (National): AE AG AL AM AT AU AZ BA BB BG BR BY BZ CA CH CN CO CR CU CZ DE DK DM DZ EC EE ES FI GB GD GE GH GM HR HU ID IL IN IS JP KE KG KP KR KZ LC LK LR LS LT LU LV MA MD MG MK MN MW MX MZ NO NZ OM PH PL PT RO RU SD SE SG SI SK SL TJ TM TN TR TT TZ UA UG UZ VN YU ZA 7M 7W Designated States (Regional): AT BE CH CY DE DK EA ES FI FR GB GH GM GR IE IT KE LS LU MC MW MZ NL OA PT SD SE SL SZ TR TZ UG ZM ZW AU 2002338365 A1 G06F-009/40 Based on patent WO 200282262 Abstract (Basic): US 20020147862 A1 NOVELTY - A physical hard drive has a fixed size file storing content of the hard drive and a dynamically expanding file through which a client computer performs the content write operations to the fixed size file . DETAILED DESCRIPTION - INDEPENDENT CLAIMS are included for the following: (1) computer system; (2) write operations performance method; (3) undo operation performance method; and (4) virtual hard drive content synchronization method. USE - For data storage devices such as computer system (claimed) e.g. personal computer. ADVANTAGE - Use of the differencing drive enable the client computer to access the data quickly, thereby providing the virtual hard drive with improved efficiency and expandable format. DESCRIPTION OF DRAWING(S) - The figure shows a flowchart explaining the write operation performance process. pp; 13 DwgNo 1/5 Title Terms: VIRTUAL; HARD; DRIVE; COMPUTER; SYSTEM; DYNAMIC; EXPAND; FILE; THROUGH; CLIENT; COMPUTER; PERFORMANCE; CONTENT; WRITING; OPERATE; FIX; SIZE; FILE Derwent Class: T01 International Patent Class (Main): G06F-003/00; G06F-009/40 File Segment: EPI 15/5/9 (Item 5 from file: 350) DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX (c) 2005 Thomson Derwent. All rts. reserv. \*\*Image available\*\* 012039824 WPI Acc No: 1998-456734/199839 XRPX Acc No: N98-356484 Processing apparatus for moving virtual storage resources between disk units - generates volume shift processing command to activate attribute check section, volume copying section and catalog modifying section for shifting virtual storage resources to large capacity disk unit Patent Assignee: FUJITSU LTD (FUIT ) Inventor: HAYASHI K; TAMAKI A Number of Countries: 002 Number of Patents: 002 Patent Family: Patent No Kind Date Applicat No Kind Date Week US 5794255 19980811 US 94275361 · A 19940715 199839 B Α US 96621895 Α 19960326 20020819 JP 93285455 JP 3315779 В2 Α 19931116 200261 Priority Applications (No Type Date): JP 93285455 A 19931116 Patent Details:

Abstract (Basic): US 5794255 A

The apparatus includes a first disk unit (22) provided for an

Main IPC

13 G06F-017/30

10 G06F-012/00

Patent No Kind Lan Pg

Α

B2

US 5794255

JP 3315779

Filing Notes

Cont of application US 94275361

Previous Publ. patent JP 7141231

external storage system of a computer. The stored contents from the first disk are transferred to a second disk unit (24) of larger storage capacity. Virtual storage resources are stored in the data section of the first disk unit. A space map (50) for managing a number of tracks, is provided in the catalog section (48) of the first disk unit. An attribute check section (40) checks whether the track capacity of the first disk unit and the second disk unit agree with each other. A volume copying section (42) receives the transfer process instruction from a higher level device when the track capacities are in agreement.

The volume copying section copies the space map and the volume of the virtual storage resources, in the first disk unit. A catalog modifying section (44) rewrites the space map copied into the second disk unit. A command generating section of the higher level device, generates a volume shift processing command and activates the attribute check section, the volume copying section and the catalog modifying section. The virtual storage resources of the first disk unit are shifted to the second disk unit.

ADVANTAGE - Enables transfer from small to large capacity disk unit even when contents of volume are **virtual storage** resources. Enables rewriting of space **map** corresponding to track capacity at destination.

Dwg.6/7

Title Terms: PROCESS; APPARATUS; MOVE; VIRTUAL; STORAGE; RESOURCE; DISC; UNIT; GENERATE; VOLUME; SHIFT; PROCESS; COMMAND; ACTIVATE; ATTRIBUTE; CHECK; SECTION; VOLUME; COPY; SECTION; CATALOGUE; MODIFIED; SECTION; SHIFT; VIRTUAL; STORAGE; RESOURCE; CAPACITY; DISC; UNIT

Derwent Class: T01

International Patent Class (Main): G06F-012/00; G06F-017/30
File Segment: EPI

15/5/10 (Item 6 from file: 350)
DIALOG(R)File 350:Derwent WPIX
(c) 2005 Thomson Derwent. All rts. reserv.

010182315 \*\*Image available\*\* WPI Acc No: 1995-083568/199512

XRPX Acc No: N95-066264

Data storage redundancy management system for disk array - has disc array with RAID management system that maps two areas one used for mirror redundancy and another for parity redundancy

Patent Assignee: HEWLETT-PACKARD CO (HEWP )

Inventor: BAIRD R; FORDEMWALT J W; JACOBSON M B; NELSON M D; VAZIRE H;
VOIGT D L

Number of Countries: 006 Number of Patents: 004

Patent Family:

Patent No Kind Date Applicat No Kind Date A2 19950222 EP 94107148 Α 19940506 199512 EP 639811 US 5392244 19950221 US 93109137 19930819 Α B1 20030423 EP 94107148 EP 639811 Α 19940506 200329 E 20030528 DE 632545 Δ 19940506 DE 69432545 200343 EP 94107148 Α 19940506

Priority Applications (No Type Date): US 93109137 A 19930819

Cited Patents: No-SR.Pub

Patent Details:

Patent No Kind Lan Pg Main IPC Filing Notes

EP 639811 A2 E 10 G06F-011/10

Designated States (Regional): DE FR GB IE IT

US 5392244 A 9 G06F-011/00

EP 639811 B1 E G06F-011/10

Designated States (Regional): DE FR GB IE IT

DE 69432545 E G06F-011/10 Based on patent EP 639811

Abstract (Basic): EP 639811 A The memory system includes an array of discs in a RAID configuration with mirror and parity based areas. The disc array (10) has a number of discs (12) and a disc controller (14) to manage access to the array. A RAID management system (16) arranges for two types of areas on the discs. One area is managed as a mirror memory RAID level 1, and the other as a parity memory, RAID level 5. The disc management causes migration between the two types of area based on some access protocol, e.g. more frequently accessed data may be held in the mirror area. ADVANTAGE - High performance system. High data availability. Low cost system. Dwg . 4/4 Title Terms: DATA; STORAGE; REDUNDANT; MANAGEMENT; SYSTEM; DISC; ARRAY; DISC; ARRAY; RAID; MANAGEMENT; SYSTEM; MAP; TWO; AREA; ONE; MIRROR; REDUNDANT; PARITY; REDUNDANT Derwent Class: T01 International Patent Class (Main): G06F-011/00; G06F-011/10 International Patent Class (Additional): G06F-011/20; G06F-015/02 File Segment: EPI 15/5/11 (Item 7 from file: 350) DIALOG(R)File 350:Derwent WPIX (c) 2005 Thomson Derwent. All rts. reserv. 009324829 \*\*Image available\*\* WPI Acc No: 1993-018293/199302 XRPX Acc No: N93-013932 Phantom duplex copy group apparatus for disk drive array data storage subsystem - emulates operation of large form factor drive using small form factor disks configured into redundancy groups Patent Assignee: STORAGE TECHNOLOGY CORP (STOS Inventor: BELSAN J S; LUDLAM H S; RUDESEAL G A Number of Countries: 018 Number of Patents: 003 Patent Family: Patent No Kind Date Applicat No Kind Date Week WO 9222865 A1 19921223 WO 92US3653 Α 19920501 199302 AU 9219268 19930112 AU 9219268 Α 19920501 Α 199317 US 91717820 US 5239659 Α 19930824 Α 19910619 199335 Priority Applications (No Type Date): US 91717820 A 19910619 Cited Patents: US 4084231; US 4310883; US 4837680; US 4914656; US 4942579; US 4989205; US 4989206 Patent Details: Patent No Kind Lan Pg Main IPC Filing Notes A1 E 68 G06F-011/16 WO 9222865 Designated States (National): AU CA JP Designated States (Regional): AT BE CH DE DK ES FR GB GR IT LU MC NL SE G06F-011/16 AU 9219268 Based on patent WO 9222865 Α US 5239659 Α 26 G06F-012/16 Abstract (Basic): WO 9222865 A The system comprises a number of disc drives (12\*-\*), configured

The system comprises a number of disc drives (12\*-\*), configured into redundancy groups (421-428). A control unit (101) receives a stream of data records and stores them in available memory space. I/O (120) and control and **drive** circuits (121) **write** each of the received streams of data records and associated redundancy data in the memory.

A cache stores discs drive data. A host processor (11,12) requests activation of duplex copy group capability for primary (401) and secondary (402) virtual data storage devices to emulate the secondary virtual data storage device.

USE/ADVANTAGE - Data storage subsystems. Provides redundant copies of data records for associated host processor. High reliability.

Dwg. 1/10

Title Terms: PHANTOM; DUPLEX; COPY; GROUP; APPARATUS; DISC; DRIVE; ARRAY;

DATA; STORAGE; SUBSYSTEM; OPERATE; FORM; FACTOR; DRIVE; FORM; FACTOR;

DISC; CONFIGURATION; REDUNDANT; GROUP

Derwent Class: T01; T03

International Patent Class (Main): G06F-011/16; G06F-012/16

International Patent Class (Additional): G06F-011/80; G06F-013/00

File Segment: EPI

15/5/12 (Item 8 from file: 350)

DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX

(c) 2005 Thomson Derwent. All rts. reserv.

\*\*Image available\*\* 008736041 WPI Acc No: 1991-240057/199133

XRPX Acc No: N91-183079

Data storage method using cache - mapping data into large virtual external address space through cache without disturbing logical view of

Patent Assignee: IBM CORP (IBMC ); INT BUSINESS MACHINES CORP (IBMC ) Inventor: BOZMAN G P; EISENBERGE G; LETT A S; MYERS J J; TETZLAFF W H; UNGER J H; EISENBERGER G

Number of Countries: 004 Number of Patents: 004

Patent Family:

Patent No	Kind	Date	Ap	plicat No	Kind	Date	Week	
EP 441508	Α	19910814	EP	91300595	Α	19910125	199133	В
US 5088026	Α	19920211	US	90477704	Α	19900209	199209	
EP 441508	A3	19930421	ΕP	91300595	A	19910125	199401	
EP 441508	B1	19960724	ΕP	91300595	Α	19910125	199634	

Priority Applications (No Type Date): US 90477704 A 19900209 Cited Patents: NoSR.Pub; 2.Jnl.Ref; EP 52370; JP 2116940; JP 62189543; US 4459658; US 4612612; US 4757447

Patent Details:

Patent No Kind Lan Pg Main IPC Filing Notes

EP 441508 B1 E 10 G06F-012/08

Designated States (Regional): DE FR GB

# Abstract (Basic): EP 441508 A

The data accessing method comprises the steps of referencing pages in a given file according to their addresses in a linear space as mapped into a virtual external storage address (VESA) and then as mapped into a physical address in external storage . Referenced pages are written into the cache using their VESA addresses as indexing arguments if not otherwise located in the cache. Then, in response to a write request from the processor updating in place those cached pages common to two files , otherwise shadow copying updated pages into another cache location using another VESA address. The pages are written out from the data cache to physical addresses in external storage only upon change

The validity of a page in the cache is maintained as long as the VESA address remains unchanged. The system comprises a processor (1) having internal storage (3) formed from RAM addressable pages and external storage (5) formed from DASD addressable pages. A cache (2) is adapted to assign device dependent location in a logical external storage space (VF0 and VF1) to pages AV1P0 and AV1P1 to be accessed.

ADVANTAGE - Reduces problem presented by synonyms. (9pp Dwg.No.1/7 Title Terms: DATA; STORAGE; METHOD; CACHE; MAP; DATA; VIRTUAL; EXTERNAL; ADDRESS; SPACE; THROUGH; CACHE; DISTURB; LOGIC; VIEW; DATA

Derwent Class: T01

International Patent Class (Main): G06F-012/08

International Patent Class (Additional): G06F-001/00

File Segment: EPI

```
(Item 9 from file: 350)
 15/5/13
DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX
(c) 2005 Thomson Derwent. All rts. reserv.
008196640
             **Image available**
WPI Acc No: 1990-083641/199011
XRPX Acc No: N90-064438
   Emulation of single logical disk drive - using number of disk
   in parallel with synchronised spindles and controller transparent to
  host computer
Patent Assignee: CRAY RES INC (CRAY )
Inventor: HALFORD R J
Number of Countries: 012 Number of Patents: 002
Patent Family:
Patent No
             Kind
                     Date
                             Applicat No
                                            Kind
                                                   Date
WO 9001737
                   19900222
              Α
                             WO 89US262
                                             A
                                                 19890523
                                                           199011 B
US 5128810
                   19920707
                             US 88227367
                                             Α
                                                 19880802
              Α
                                                           199230
                             US 91727282
                                             Α
                                                 19910703
Priority Applications (No Type Date): US 88227367 A 19880802; US 91727282 A
  19910703
Cited Patents: EP 156724; EP 242121; EP 320107; JP 57197664
Patent Details:
Patent No Kind Lan Pg
                        Main IPC
                                     Filing Notes
             A E 31
WO 9001737
   Designated States (National): JP
   Designated States (Regional): AT BE CH DE FR GB IT LU NL SE
US 5128810
                    12 G11B-005/09
                                     Cont of application US 88227367
Abstract (Basic): WO 9001737 A
        The multiple disc drive array storage device (103) emulates the
    operation of a single disc drive, so that the handshaking and protocol
    between the array storage device and the most computer (101) appears to
    be that of a single disc drive. The array storage device includes a
    number of individual disc drives (900a-q), each of which has its
    spindle synchronised to a master clock synchronisation.
         Digital data words are received by the controller (108) which
    diodes the words into subparts and writes each subpart, plus a party
    check, to a different disc
                                  drive within the array storage device.
    The buffering and formating of the digital data for reading and writing
    is accomplished by the controller, transparent to the most computer.
         USE/ADVANTAGE - High performance computing environment. Large
    capacity, high speed
Title Terms: EMULATION ; SINGLE; LOGIC; DISC; DRIVE; NUMBER; DISC; DRIVE;
  PARALLEL; SYNCHRONISATION; SPINDLE; CONTROL; TRANSPARENT; HOST; COMPUTER
Derwent Class: T01
International Patent Class (Main): G11B-005/09
International Patent Class (Additional): G06F-003/06
File Segment: EPI
 15/5/14
             (Item 10 from file: 350)
DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX
(c) 2005 Thomson Derwent. All rts. reserv.
004605246
WPI Acc No: 1986-108590/198617
XRPX Acc No: N86-080027
  Dynamically allocated local-global storage system - for multi-processor
  system by assigning first and second
                                          storage portions to reference
  and any other processor respectively
Patent Assignee: INT BUSINESS MACHINES CORP (IBMC ); IBM CORP (IBMC )
Inventor: BRANTLEY W C; MCAULIFEE K P; NORTON V A; PFISTER G F; WEISS J
Number of Countries: 007 Number of Patents: 009
```

Patent Family: Patent No Applicat No Kind Date Kind Date Week 19860423 GB 8525903 GB 2165975 Α Α 19851021 198617 EP 179401 Α 19860430 EP 85113174 Α 19851017 198618 CA 1236588 Α 19880510 198823 CN 8507534 Α 19870415 198827 US 84664131 US 4754394 Α 19880628 Α 19841024 198828 GB 2165975 В 19880720 US 4980822 Α 19901225 US 88168721 19880316 Α 199103 EP 179401 В1 19920722 EP 85113174 Α 19851017 199230 DE 3586389 G 19920827 DE 3586389 Α 19851017 199236 EP 85113174 Α 19851017

Priority Applications (No Type Date): US 84664131 A 19841024; US 88168721 A 19880316

Cited Patents: 1.Jnl.Ref; A3...8937; No-SR.Pub; US 3796996; US 3820079

Patent Details:

Patent No Kind Lan Pg Main IPC Filing Notes

GB 2165975 A 12

EP 179401 A E

Designated States (Regional): DE FR GB IT

EP 179401 B1 E G06F-012/02

Designated States (Regional): DE FR GB IT

DE 3586389 G G06F-012/02 Based on patent EP 179401

# Abstract (Basic): GB 2165975 B

A table look-up provides a quantity, the interleave amount, which indicates whether the real address is in local or global storage and, which in the latter event, is used to derive the absolute addresses. The low order bits of the real address may be hashed using Remap (252) to introduce a random element into a sequence of consecutive addresses. The rear address after mapping excluding the word offset (WO) is passed to right rotate device (256) which is controlled by the interleave amount.

The width of the field to be rotated and the amount the field is to be rotated are specified by the interleave amount. The derived absolute addresses are entered in register (258) and are passed for use onto a communication network interconnecting the processors and the storage system. Local and global storage is distributed amongst the nodes of a multiprocessor network. (12pp Dwg.No.7/8)

File 348:EUROPEAN PATENTS 1978-2005/Jun W01
(c) 2005 European Patent Office
File 349:PCT FULLTEXT 1979-2005/UB=20050602,UT=20050526
(c) 2005 WIPO/Univentio

		·
Set	Items	Description
S1	104195	EMULAT???? OR SIMULAT???? OR (VIRTUAL? OR GUEST) (2W) (PC? ?
	OI	R COMPUTER? ? OR SYSTEM? ? OR OS OR ENVIRONMENT)
S2	911823	DRIVE OR DRIVES OR DISK? ? OR DISC? ? OR HARDDRIVE? ? OR H-
	AI	RDDISK? ? OR HARDDISC? ? OR STORE? ? OR STORAGE
S3	3631	(VIRTUAL OR EMULAT? OR SIMULAT? OR GUEST)(2W)S2
S4	21	DIFFERENCING(2W)(S2 OR FILE? ? OR FOLDER? ? OR PARTITION? ?
	(	DR AREA)
S5	13132	(TEMPORARY OR TRANSIENT OR STAGING)(2W)(S2 OR FILE? ? OR F-
	OI	LDER? ? OR PARTITION? ? OR AREA)
S6	77473	(SECOND? OR 2ND OR SUBORDINATE? OR CHILD OR DIFFERENT OR S-
	EI	PARATE)(2W)(S2 OR FILE? ? OR FOLDER? ? OR PARTITION? ? OR AR-
	E/	A
S7	186461	(WRIT??? OR WRITTEN OR CHANG??? OR DELET???? OR ERAS???? OR
	Ţ	JPDAT??? OR EDIT??? OR MODIF???? OR MODIFICATION? ? OR ALTER-
	??	?? OR ALTERATION? ?)(10N)(S2 OR FILE? ? OR FOLDER? ? OR PART-
	II	rion? ? Or area)
S8	31033	S2(7N)(SYNC??? OR SYNCHRONIZ?????? OR SYNCHRONIS?????? OR -
	RI	ECONCIL? OR CONFORM? OR MAP????)
S9	951	RAM()(DISK OR DRIVE? ?)
S10	73	(S1 OR S3)(30N)S4:S6(30N)S7(30N)S8
S11	62	S10 AND AC=US/PR
S12	60	S11 AND AY=(1976:2001)/PR
\$13	61	S10 AND PY=1976:2001
S14	70	S12:S13 .
S15	13	S9(10N)(SYNC??? OR SYNCHRONIZ?????? OR SYNCHRONIS?????? OR
	RI	ECONCIL? OR CONFORM? OR MAP????)

```
14/3, K/4
              (Item 4 from file: 348)
DIALOG(R) File 348: EUROPEAN PATENTS
(c) 2005 European Patent Office. All rts. reserv.
00994646
Improved disk log using distributed write
Verbesserter Disk-Log mit verteiltem Schreibsystem
Disque-log ameliore avec systeme d'enregistrement reparti
PATENT ASSIGNEE:
  Hewlett-Packard Company, (206030), 3000 Hanover Street, Palo Alto,
    California 94304, (US), (Applicant designated States: all)
  Voigt, Douglas L., 3030 N. 24th, Boise, Idaho 83702, (US)
  Burkes, Don L., 3100 San Ramon Dr., Meridian, ID 83642, (US)
  Hanson, Kirk A., 1129 West Newfield Dr., Eagle, Idaho 83616, (US)
LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:
  Schoppe, Fritz, Dipl.-Ing. (55463), Schoppe, Zimmermann & Stockeler
    Patentanwalte Postfach 71 08 67, 81458 Munchen, (DE)
PATENT (CC, No, Kind, Date): EP 899731 A2 990303 (Basic)
                               EP 899731 A3
                                              001011
APPLICATION (CC, No, Date):
                               EP 98105564 980326;
PRIORITY (CC, No, Date): US 920120 970826
DESIGNATED STATES: DE; GB
EXTENDED DESIGNATED STATES: AL; LT; LV; MK; RO; SI
INTERNATIONAL PATENT CLASS: G11B-019/02; G11B-027/00; G11B-027/10;
  G11B-020/12; G06F-011/14
ABSTRACT WORD COUNT: 253
NOTE:
  Figure number on first page: 2
LANGUAGE (Publication, Procedural, Application): English; English; English
FULLTEXT AVAILABILITY:
Available Text Language
                            Update
                                      Word Count
      CLAIMS A (English) 9909
                                       577
                (English) 9909
                                       5730
      SPEC A
Total word count - document A
                                       6307
Total word count - document B
Total word count - documents A + B
                                       6307
...SPECIFICATION more critical than in the dual controller environment.
    The hierarchic disk array 11 can be characterizable as different
  storage spaces, including its physical storage space and one or more
  virtual storage spaces. For example, storage...
...are related through mapping techniques. For example, the physical
  storage space of the disk array can be mapped into a virtual storage
  space which delineates storage areas according to the various data
  reliability levels. Some areas within the virtual storage space can be...
...5. These areas may be configured on the same or separate disks or any
  combination thereof.
    Data storage system 10 includes a memory map
                                                       store 21 that
  provides for persistent storage of the virtual mapping information
  used to map disk array 11. The memory map store is external to the disk array, and preferably resident in the disk array controller
```

14. The memory mapping information can be continually or periodically updated by the controller 14 or RAID management system 16 as the various

Preferably, the memory map store 21 is embodied as two non-volatile

14/3,K/12 (Item 12 from file: 348)
DIALOG(R)File 348:EUROPEAN PATENTS
(c) 2005 European Patent Office. All rts. reserv.

mapping configurations among the different views change.

RAMs (Random Access Memory) 21a and 21b which are located...

#### 00948285

EMULATOR FOR VISUAL DISPLAY OBJECT FILES AND METHOD OF OPERATION THEREOF EMULATOR ZUR VISUALISIERUNG VON OBJEKTDATEIEN UND BETRIEBSVERFAHREN DAZU EMULATEUR DE FICHIER D'OBJETS A VISUALISER ET SA METHODE D'EXPLOITATION PATENT ASSIGNEE:

HONEYWELL INC., (246050), Honeywell Plaza, Minneapolis Minnesota 55408, (US), (Proprietor designated states: all) INVENTOR:

CALL, William, L., 2311 W. Corrine Drive, Phoenix, AZ 85029, (US) CLAWSON, Laurence, A., P.O. Box 4205, Cave Creek, AZ 85331, (US) CONNOLLY, Paul, S., 4738 W. Cheryl Drive, Glendale, AZ 85302, (US) FREIMARK, Ronald, J., 13014 N. 62nd Street, Scottsdale, AZ 85254, (US) GUSTIN, Jay, W., 6226 E. Joan de Arc, Scottsdale, AZ 85254, (US) HODGE, Michael, L., 4044 East Cascalote Drive, Cave Creek, AZ 85331, (US) MCGAUGH, Paul, 6523 Jade Knoll, San Antonia, TX 78249, (US) MOORE, Donald, W., 2901 E. Friess Drive, Phoenix, AZ 85032, (US) RACHLIN, Elliott, H., 5542 E. Beverly Lane, Scottsdale, AZ 85254, (US) RAMSDELL, Steven, C., 3751 W. Monte Cristo Avenue, Phoenix, AZ 85023, (US)

# LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:

Powell, Timothy John et al (69723), Eric Potter Clarkson, Park View House, 58 The Ropewalk, Nottingham NG1 5DD, (GB)

PATENT (CC, No, Kind, Date): EP 929849 A1 990721 (Basic)

EP 929849 B1 030319 WO 98015878 980416

APPLICATION (CC, No, Date): EP 97944365 970923; WO 97US16908 970923 PRIORITY (CC, No, Date): US 727727 961007

DESIGNATED STATES: DE; FR; GB INTERNATIONAL PATENT CLASS: G05B-019/042; G06F-003/14

NOTE:
No A-document published by EPO

Total word count - documents A + B

LANGUAGE (Publication, Procedural, Application): English; English; FULLTEXT AVAILABILITY:

Update Available Text Language Word Count CLAIMS B (English) 200312 2402 CLAIMS B (German) 200312 2111 CLAIMS B (French) 200312 2900 SPEC B (English) 200312 13123 Total word count - document A 0 Total word count - document B 20536

# ... SPECIFICATION than one physical disk drive.

In a preferred embodiment of this aspect of the present invention, the emulator further comprises a second block storage file, the address mapping routine being capable of alternatively cooperating with the second block storage file to intercede between the native visual display object file and the real time process control system to allow communication of the data therebetween. This embodiment of the present invention therefore allows multiple block storage files to be used. This may be advantageous when modifying the real time plant control system or when controlling multiple of such systems.

In still yet another...on a single physical disk drive or span more than one physical disk drive.

If the exemplary emulator includes more than one block storage file, the address mapping routine being capable of alternatively cooperating with the second block storage file to intercede between the native visual display object file and real time process control system 100 to allow communication of the data therebetween. This embodiment allows multiple block storage files to be used which may be advantageous when modifying real time plant control system 100 or when controlling multiple of such systems.

Turning now FIGURES 4A...

- ...CLAIMS said address pointer that corresponds to a particular logical block in said block storage file, said block storage file and address mapping routine thereby substitutable for said mass storage device without requiring modifications to said...
- ...emulator according to Claim 31 wherein said multiasking operating system is WINDOWS(R) NT(R).
  - 33. An **emulator** according to Claim 31 or 32 wherein said block storage file is stored on a non-native mass storage device (305).
  - 34. An **emulator** according to any of Claims 31 to 33 wherein other routines executing in said multiasking operating system are capable of using said block **storage** file concurrently with said address mapping routine.
  - 35. An emulator according to any of Claims 31 to 34 wherein said particular logical block is 256 bytes in length.
  - 36. An **emulator** according to any of Claims 31 to 35 wherein said block storage file is stored on a single physical disk drive.
  - 37. An emulator as according to any of Claims 31 to 36 further comprising a second block storage file, said address mapping routine being capable of alternatively cooperating with said second block storage file to intercede between said native visual display object file and said real time process control system (100... a native-formatted removable-media mass storage device, executable in a non-native, multitasking operating system of emulating said mass storage device, the method comprising the steps of:

intercepting an address pointer of a native visual display object...

```
14/3,K/13 (Item 13 from file: 348)
DIALOG(R)File 348:EUROPEAN PATENTS
(c) 2005 European Patent Office. All rts. reserv.
```

00776325

Methods for using non contiguously reserved storage space for data migration in a redundant hierarchic data storage system

Verfahren zur Verwendung von nicht-aneinandergrenzenden reservierten Speicherplatz zur Datenmigration in einem hierarchischen redundanten Datenspeichersystem

Methode pour l'utilisation d'espace de stockage reserve, non-contign, pour migration de donnees dans un systeme de stockage de donnees redondante hierarchique

PATENT ASSIGNEE:

NVENTOR:

Burkes, Theresa A., 3100 San Ramon Drive, Meridian, Idaho 83642, (US) Diamond, Bryan M., 9704 Ramsgate, Boise, Idaho 83704, (US) Jacobson, Michael B., 8884 Austin, Boise, Idaho 83714, (US) Nelson, Marvin D., 9055 Sunflower Lane, Boise, Idaho 83704, (US) Voigt, Douglas L., 3030 N. 24th, Boise, Idaho 83702, (US) LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:

Schoppe, Fritz, Dipl.-Ing. (55463), Schoppe, Zimmermann & Stockeler Patentanwalte Postfach 71 08 67, 81458 Munchen, (DE)

PATENT (CC, No, Kind, Date): EP 726514 A2 960814 (Basic) EP 726514 A3 000223

APPLICATION (CC, No, Date): EP 95112454 950808;

PRIORITY (CC, No, Date): US 386573 950210

DESIGNATED STATES: DE; FR; GB; IT

INTERNATIONAL PATENT CLASS: G06F-003/06; G06F-011/10; G06F-011/20;
G11B-020/18

ABSTRACT WORD COUNT: 231

NOTE:

Figure number on first page: 1

LANGUAGE (Publication, Procedural, Application): English; English; English

FULLTEXT AVAILABILITY:

Available Text Language Update Word Count
CLAIMS A (English) EPAB96 1045
SPEC A (English) EPAB96 8455
Total word count - document A 9500
Total word count - document B 0
Total word count - documents A + B 9500

...SPECIFICATION however, with a single controller or other architectures. The hierarchic disk array 11 can be characterized as **different** storage spaces, including its physical storage space and one or more virtual storage spaces. These various views...

...are related through mapping techniques. For example, the physical storage space of the disk array can be **mapped** into a virtual storage space which delineates **storage** areas according to the various data reliability levels. Some areas within the virtual storage space can be

... The various mapping techniques and virtual spaces concerning RAID levels are described below in more detail.

Data storage system 10 includes a memory map store 21 that provides for persistent storage of the virtual mapping information used to map different storage spaces onto one another. The memory map store is external to the disk array, and preferably resident in the disk array controller 14. The memory mapping information can be continually or periodically updated by the controller or RAID management system as the various mapping configurations among the different views change.

Preferably, the memory map store 21 is embodied as two non-volatile RAMs (Random Access Memory) 21a and 21b which are located...

14/3,K/14 (Item 14 from file: 348) DIALOG(R)File 348:EUROPEAN PATENTS

(c) 2005 European Patent Office. All rts. reserv.

00776324

Disk array having hot spare resources and methods for using hot spare resources to store user data

Speicherplattenanordnung mit Ersatzbetriebsmitteln in Betrieb und Verfahren zur Verwendung von Ersatzbetriebsmitteln zum Speichern von Benutzerdaten

Reseau de disques avec ressources de reserve en fonctionnement et methodes pour utiliser les ressources de reserve pour le stockage de donnees d'utilisateur

PATENT ASSIGNEE:

Hewlett-Packard Company, A Delaware Corporation, (3016020), 3000 Hanover Street, Palo Alto, CA 94304, (US), (Proprietor designated states: all) INVENTOR:

Nelson, Marvin D., 9055 Sunflower Lane, Boise, Idaho 83704, (US) Burkes, Theresa A., 3100 San Ramon Drive, Meridian, Idaho 83642, (US) Diamond, Bryan M., 9704 Ramsgate, Boise, Idaho 83704, (US) Jacobson, Michael B., 8884 Austin, Boise, Idaho 83714, (US) Dolphin, Wade A., 7179 Petrie, Boise, Idaho 83704, (US) Voigt, Douglas L., 3030 N. 24th, Boise, Idaho 83702, (US)

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:
Schoppe, Fritz, Dipl.-Ing. (55463), Schoppe, Zimmermann, Stockeler &
Zinkler Patentanwalte Postfach 246, 82043 Pullach bei Munchen, (DE)

PATENT (CC, No, Kind, Date): EP 726521 A2 960814 (Basic) EP 726521 A3 000223

EP 726521 B1 031029

APPLICATION (CC, No, Date): EP 95112336 950804;

PRIORITY (CC, No, Date): US 386574 950210

DESIGNATED STATES: DE; FR; GB

INTERNATIONAL PATENT CLASS: G06F-003/06; G06F-011/10; G06F-011/20;

G11B-020/18

ABSTRACT WORD COUNT: 183

NOTE:

Figure number on first page: 1

LANGUAGE (Publication, Procedural, Application): English; English; FULLTEXT AVAILABILITY:

```
Available Text Language
                            Update
                                      Word Count
      CLAIMS A
                (English)
                            EPAB96
                                         928
      CLAIMS B
                (English)
                            200344
                                         985
      CLAIMS B
                  (German)
                            200344
                                        933
      CLAIMS B
                  (French)
                            200344
                                        1233
                 (English)
      SPEC A
                            EPAB96
                                        7267
      SPEC B
                 (English)
                           200344
                                        7354
Total word count - document A
                                       8196
Total word count - document B
                                      10505
Total word count - documents A + B
                                      18701
```

... SPECIFICATION however, with a single controller or other architectures.

The hierarchic disk array 11 can be characterized as **different** storage spaces, including its physical storage space and one or more virtual storage spaces. These various views...

...are related through mapping techniques. For example, the physical storage space of the disk array can be **mapped** into a virtual storage space which delineates **storage** areas according to the various data reliability levels. Some areas within the virtual storage space can be

... The various mapping techniques and virtual spaces concerning RAID levels are described below in more detail.

Data storage system 10 includes a memory map store 21 that provides for persistent storage of the virtual mapping information used to map different storage spaces into one another. The memory map store is external to the disk array, and preferably resident in the disk array controller 14. The memory mapping information can be continually or periodically updated by the controller or RAID management system as the various mapping configurations among the different views change.

Preferably, the memory map store 21 is embodied as two non-volatile RAMs (Random Access Memory) 21a and 21b which are located...

...SPECIFICATION however, with a single controller or other architectures. The hierarchic disk array 11 can be characterized as **different** storage spaces, including its physical storage space and one or more virtual storage spaces. These various views...

...are related through mapping techniques. For example, the physical storage space of the disk array can be mapped into a virtual storage space which delineates storage areas according to the various data reliability levels. Some areas within the virtual storage space can be...

...The various mapping techniques and virtual spaces concerning RAID levels are described below in more detail.

Data storage system 10 includes a memory map store 21 that provides for persistent storage of the virtual mapping information used to map different storage spaces into one another. The memory map store is external to the disk array, and preferably resident in the disk array controller 14. The memory mapping information can be continually or periodically updated by the controller or RAID management system as the various mapping configurations among the different views change.

Preferably, the memory map store 21 is embodied as two non-volatile

RAMs (Random Access Memory) 21a and 21b which are located...

```
(Item 15 from file: 348)
 14/3, K/15
DIALOG(R) File 348: EUROPEAN PATENTS
(c) 2005 European Patent Office. All rts. reserv.
00776323
               having redundant storage and methods for incrementally
Disk
       array
    generating redundancy as data is written to the disk array
Speicherplattenanordnung mit redundanter Speicherung und Verfahren zur
    inkrementalen Redundanzerzeugung wahrend des Datenschreibens auf die
    Speicherplattenanordnung
Reseau de disques a stockage redondant et methodes pour la generation
    incrementielle de redondance pendant l'ecriture des données sur le
    reseau de disques
PATENT ASSIGNEE:
  Hewlett-Packard Company, A Delaware Corporation, (3016020), 3000 Hanover
    Street, Palo Alto, CA 94304, (US), (Proprietor designated states: all)
  Voigt, Douglas L., 3030 N. 24th, Boise, Idaho 83702, (US)
Nelson, Marvin D., 9500 Sunflower Lane, Boise, Idaho 83704, (US)
LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:
  Schoppe, Fritz, Dipl.-Ing. (55463), Schoppe, Zimmermann, Stockeler &
    Zinkler Patentanwalte Postfach 246, 82043 Pullach bei Munchen, (DE)
PATENT (CC, No, Kind, Date): EP 726520 A2 960814 (Basic)
                               EP 726520 A3
                                              000329
                               EP 726520 B1
                                              040519
APPLICATION (CC, No, Date):
                               EP 95112326 950804;
PRIORITY (CC, No, Date): US 386582 950210
DESIGNATED STATES: DE; FR; GB
INTERNATIONAL PATENT CLASS: G06F-003/06; G06F-011/10; G06F-011/20;
  G11B-020/18
ABSTRACT WORD COUNT: 254
NOTE:
  Figure number on first page: 1
LANGUAGE (Publication, Procedural, Application): English; English; English
FULLTEXT AVAILABILITY:
                                      Word Count
Available Text Language
                            Update
                (English)
                           EPAB96
      CLAIMS A
                                        982
      CLAIMS B
                (English)
                            200421
                                        708
      CLAIMS B
                 (German)
                            200421
                                        709
                  (French)
                            200421
      CLAIMS B
                                        898
      SPEC A
                 (English)
                            EPAB96
                                       8122
      SPEC B
                 (English)
                            200421
                                       8119
Total word count - document A
                                       9105
Total word count - document B
                                      10434
Total word count - documents A + B 19539
... SPECIFICATION however, with a single controller or other architectures.
    The hierarchic disk array 11 can be characterized as different
  storage spaces, including its physical storage space and one or more
  virtual storage spaces. These various views...
```

... The various mapping techniques and virtual spaces concerning RAID levels are described below in more detail.

...are related through mapping techniques. For example, the physical storage space of the disk array can be mapped into a virtual storage space which delineates storage areas according to the various data reliability levels. Some areas within the virtual storage space can be

Data storage system 10 includes a memory map store 21 that provides for persistent storage of the virtual mapping information

used to map different storage spaces into one another. The memory map store is external to the disk array, and preferably resident in the disk array controller 14. The memory mapping information can be continually or periodically updated by the controller or RAID management system as the various mapping configurations among the different views change.

Preferably, the memory map store 21 is embodied as two non-volatile RAMs (Random Access Memory) 21a and 21b which are located...

...SPECIFICATION however, with a single controller or other architectures. The hierarchic disk array 11 can be characterized as **different** storage spaces, including its physical storage space and one or more virtual storage spaces. These various views...

...are related through mapping techniques. For example, the physical storage space of the disk array can be mapped into a virtual storage space which delineates storage areas according to the various data reliability levels. Some areas within the virtual storage space can be...

... The various mapping techniques and virtual spaces concerning RAID levels are described below in more detail.

Data storage system 10 includes a memory map store 21 that provides for persistent storage of the virtual mapping information used to map different storage spaces into one another. The memory map store is external to the disk array, and preferably resident in the disk array controller 14. The memory mapping information can be continually or periodically updated by the controller or RAID management system as the various mapping configurations among the different views change.

Preferably, the memory map store 21 is embodied as two non-volatile RAMs (Random Access Memory) 21 a and 21 b which...

14/3,K/16 (Item 16 from file: 348)
DIALOG(R)File 348:EUROPEAN PATENTS

(c) 2005 European Patent Office. All rts. reserv.

00774650

Methods for avoiding overcommitment of virtual capacity in a redundant hierarchic data storage system

Verfahren zur Vermeidung der Über-Zuteilung virtueller Kapazitat in einem redundanten hierarchischen Datenspeichersystem

Methode pour eviter l'allocation excessive de capacite virtuelle dans un systeme de stockage de donnees a redondance hierarchique PATENT ASSIGNEE:

Hewlett-Packard Company, A Delaware Corporation, (3016020), 3000 Hanover Street, Palo Alto, CA 94304, (US), (Proprietor designated states: all) INVENTOR:

Burkes, Theresa A., 3100 San Ramon Drive, Meridian, Idaho 83642, (US) Diamond, Bryan M., 9704 Ramsgate, Boise, Idaho 83704, (US) Nelson, Marvin D., 9055 Sunflower Lane, Boise, Idaho 83704, (US) LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:

Schoppe, Fritz, Dipl.-Ing. (55463), Schoppe, Zimmermann, Stockeler & Zinkler Patentanwalte Postfach 246, 82043 Pullach bei Munchen, (DE) PATENT (CC, No, Kind, Date): EP 725324 A2 960807 (Basic)

EP 725324 A3 000223

EP 725324 B1 050309

APPLICATION (CC, No, Date): EP 95112325 950804;

PRIORITY (CC, No, Date): US 382350 950201

DESIGNATED STATES: DE; FR; GB; IT

INTERNATIONAL PATENT CLASS: G06F-003/06; G06F-011/10; G06F-011/20;

G11B-020/18; G06F-012/12 ABSTRACT WORD COUNT: 264

NOTE:

Figure number on first page: 1

LANGUAGE (Publication, Procedural, Application): English; English; English FULLTEXT AVAILABILITY:

```
Available Text Language
                            Update
                                      Word Count
                           EPAB96
                                       1437
                (English)
      CLAIMS A
      CLAIMS B
                (English)
                            200510
                                       1552
                (German)
                            200510
      CLAIMS B
                                       1465
      CLAIMS B
                 (French)
                           200510
                                       1917
                           EPAB96
      SPEC A
                (English)
                                       8887
      SPEC B
                (English)
                           200510
                                       9194
Total word count - document A
                                      10325
Total word count - document B
                                      14128
Total word count - documents A + B
                                      24453
```

... SPECIFICATION however, with a single controller or other architectures.

The hierarchic disk array 11 can be characterized as **different** storage spaces, including its physical storage space and one or more virtual storage spaces. These various views...

...are related through mapping techniques. For example, the physical storage space of the disk array can be mapped into a virtual storage space which delineates storage areas according to the various data reliability levels. Some areas within the virtual storage space can be

... The various mapping techniques and virtual spaces concerning RAID levels are described below in more detail.

Data storage system 10 includes a memory map store 21 that provides for persistent storage of the virtual mapping information used to map different storage spaces into one another. The memory map store is external to the disk array, and preferably resident in the disk array controller 14. The memory mapping information can be continually or periodically updated by the controller or RAID management system as the various mapping configurations among the different views change.

Preferably, the memory map store 21 is embodied as two non-volatile RAMs (Random Access Memory) 21a and 21b which are located...

- ...SPECIFICATION however, with a single controller or other architectures. The hierarchic disk array 11 can be characterized as **different** storage spaces, including its physical storage space and one or more virtual storage spaces. These various views...
- ...are related through mapping techniques. For example, the physical storage space of the disk array can be mapped into a virtual storage space which delineates storage areas according to the various data reliability levels. Some areas within the virtual storage space can be...
- ... The various mapping techniques and virtual spaces concerning RAID levels are described below in more detail.

Data storage system 10 includes a memory map store 21 that provides for persistent storage of the virtual mapping information used to map different storage spaces into one another. The memory map store is external to the disk array, and preferably resident in the disk array controller 14. The memory mapping information can be continually or periodically updated by the controller or RAID management system as the various mapping configurations among the different views change.

Preferably, the memory map store 21 is embodied as two non-volatile RAMs (Random Access Memory) 21a and 21b which are located...

```
(c) 2005 European Patent Office. All rts. reserv.
00652238
FLASH FILE SYSTEM
SCHNELL LOESCHBARE DATEI
SYSTEME DE MEMOIRE FLASH
PATENT ASSIGNEE:
  M-SYSTEMS LTD., (1849510), P.O.Box 58032, 61580 Tel Aviv, (IL),
    (applicant designated states: DE; FR; GB; IT; NL)
  M-SYSTEMS INC., (1849530), 200 Broadhollow Road, Melville, NY 11747, (US)
    (applicant designated states: DE;FR;GB;IT;NL)
INVENTOR:
  BAN, Amir, 47 Yehuda Hamaccabi, 62309 Tel Aviv, (IL)
LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:
  Vossius, Volker, Dr. et al (12524), Dr. Volker Vossius,
    Patentanwaltskanzlei - Rechtsanwaltskanzlei, Holbeinstrasse 5, 81679
    Munchen, (DE)
PATENT (CC, No, Kind, Date): EP 688450 Al 951227 (Basic)
                              EP 688450 B1
                                             981111
                              WO 9420906
                                         940915
APPLICATION (CC, No, Date):
                              EP 94910145 940228; WO 94US1848 940228
PRIORITY (CC, No, Date): US 27131 930308
DESIGNATED STATES: DE; FR; GB; IT; NL
INTERNATIONAL PATENT CLASS: G06F-012/02; G06F-003/06;
  No A-document published by EPO
LANGUAGE (Publication, Procedural, Application): English; English; English
FULLTEXT AVAILABILITY:
Available Text
                           Update
                                     Word Count
               Language
      CLAIMS B
                (English)
                           9846
                                       924
      CLAIMS B
                 (German)
                           9846
                                       873
                 (French)
      CLAIMS B
                           9846
                                      1019
                (English)
                           9846
      SPEC B
                                      4031
Total word count - document A
                                         0
Total word count - document B
                                      6847
Total word count - documents A + B
                                      6847
...CLAIMS virtual map that maps virtual addresses (29) to physical
      addresses (37) within a unit;
   organizing said first virtual
                                    map
                                         stored in said memory (12) in
      segments of page addressable blocks;
   storing in a random access memory (16...
...of said page addressable blocks in said memory (12),
   changing a page addressable block in said first virtual
                                                               stored in
      said memory (12) by writing a changed page addressable block in
      an unwritten physical block location; and
    updating said second virtual map
                                             stored in said random access
      memory (16) so that it maps the page address of the changed page...
 14/3, K/32
               (Item 32 from file: 348)
DIALOG(R) File 348: EUROPEAN PATENTS
(c) 2005 European Patent Office. All rts. reserv.
00539513
Method and apparatus for extending physical system addressable memory.
Verfahren und Gerat zur Erweiterung von physisch adressierbarem Speicher.
Methode et dispositif pour etendre l'adressage d'une memoire discrete.
PATENT ASSIGNEE:
  International Business Machines Corporation, (200120), Old Orchard Road,
    Armonk, N.Y. 10504, (US), (applicant designated states: DE;FR;GB)
```

Bealkowski, Richard, 1401 Hummingbird Drive, Delray Beach, Florida 33444,

(US)

## LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:

Blakemore, Frederick Norman (28381), IBM United Kingdom Limited Intellectual Property Department Hursley Park, Winchester Hampshire SO21 2JN, (GB)

PATENT (CC, No, Kind, Date): EP 515046 A1 921125 (Basic)

APPLICATION (CC, No, Date): EP 92303836 920428;

PRIORITY (CC, No, Date): US 705277 910524

DESIGNATED STATES: DE; FR; GB

INTERNATIONAL PATENT CLASS: G06F-012/08;

ABSTRACT WORD COUNT: 87

LANGUAGE (Publication, Procedural, Application): English; English; English FULLTEXT AVAILABILITY:

Available Text Language Update Word Count

CLAIMS A (English) EPABF1 563
SPEC A (English) EPABF1 4029
Total word count - document A 4592
Total word count - document B 0
Total word count - documents A + B 4592

...SPECIFICATION controller 400 responds via the Bus Interface 414 to memory address references in the range defined for **emulated** RAM address space 406. The use of bus interfaces for addressing, control, and movement of data are...

...the usual disk read or write requests associated with the operation of a file system. The secondary **storage** requests 408 are received from the I/O bus 230. For ease of illustration, the connection to...

...read/writes to distinguish them from read/writes pertaining to the emulated RAM address space 406. The secondary storage interface 412 controls I/O read/writes through the secondary storage manager 418 under control of the mapping layer and control 416 section of the secondary storage controller 400. The mapping layer and control 416 determines priority of access to the secondary storage 106 when requests are simultaneously pending on the bus interface 414 and the secondary storage interface 412. For example, in a multiprocessor system, one processor could be attempting an I/O read or write while another processor could be attempting to access emulated RAM address space 406. The secondary storage manager 418 is responsible for controlling data movement to and from the secondary storage 106.

With proper buffering the actual amount of disk accesses can be reduced

With proper buffering the actual amount of disk accesses can be reduced due to locality of...

# 14/3,K/33 (Item 33 from file: 348)

DIALOG(R) File 348: EUROPEAN PATENTS

(c) 2005 European Patent Office. All rts. reserv.

00503368

LOGICAL TRACK WRITE SCHEDULING SYSTEM FOR A PARALLEL DISK DRIVE ARRAY DATA STORAGE SUBSYSTEM

LOGISCHES SPURSCHREIBZUORDNUNGSSYSTEM FUR PARALLELES PLATTENLAUFWERKSMATRIX DATENSPEICHERUNGSUNTERSYSTEM

SYSTEME D'ORDONNANCEMENT D'ECRITURE DE PISTES LOGIQUES POUR UN SOUS-SYSTEME DE MEMORISATION DE DONNEES À RESEAU D'UNITES DE DISQUES EN PARALLELE PATENT ASSIGNEE:

STORAGE TECHNOLOGY CORPORATION, (494313), 2270 South 88th Street,

Louisville, CO 80028, (US), (applicant designated states:

AT; BE; CH; DE; DK; ES; FR; GB; GR; IT; LI; LU; NL; SE)

INVENTOR:

MILLIGAN, Charles, Allen, 14300 West 50th Avenue, Golden, CO 80403, (US) RUDESEAL, George, Arthur, 1083 Quince Avenue, Boulder, CO 80304, (US) LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:

Goodanew, Martin Eric et al (31082), MATHISEN, MACARA & CO. The Coach House 6-8 Swakeleys Road, Ickenham Uxbridge UB10 8BZ, (GB)

PATENT (CC, No, Kind, Date): EP 526487 Al 930210 (Basic) EP 526487 Bl 971008

WO 9116711 911031

APPLICATION (CC, No, Date): EP 91907736 910405; WO 91US2358 910405 PRIORITY (CC, No, Date): US 509484 900416 DESIGNATED STATES: AT; BE; CH; DE; DK; ES; FR; GB; GR; IT; LI; LU; NL; SE INTERNATIONAL PATENT CLASS: G06F-011/10; NOTE:

No A-document published by EPO

LANGUAGE (Publication, Procedural, Application): English; English; FULLTEXT AVAILABILITY:

Available Text Language Update Word Count CLAIMS B (English) 9710W1 2920 CLAIMS B 9710W1 (German) 2610 CLAIMS B (French) 9710W1 3175 SPEC B (English) 9710W1 10602 Total word count - document A

Total word count - document B 19307

Total word count - documents A + B 19307

...SPECIFICATION the fuzzy image copy to be a complete image copy. This produces the correct image of the **file** as it was at the end of the most recent modifications. The use of two alternating memory...

...necessitated by the fact that when a fuzzy image copy is being updated by the journal of changes, the second memory area stores memory updates occurring during the journal change update process. Therefore, for the mapping table backup, the journals are read out of cache memory 113 and used to update the fuzzy image copy of the mapping tables stored on redundancy groups of disk drives 122. As a further memory protection arrangement, each virtual track instance stored on the disks in the parallel disk drive array data storage subsystem 100 is self defining. Each...

14/3,K/34 (Item 34 from file: 348)
DIALOG(R)File 348:EUROPEAN PATENTS
(c) 2005 European Patent Office. All rts. reserv.

00479977

Data storage using a cache and method therefor Datenspeicher mit Cache-Speicher und Verfahren dafur Memoire de donnees avec antememoire et methode afferente PATENT ASSIGNEE:

International Business Machines Corporation, (200120), Old Orchard Road, Armonk, N.Y. 10504, (US), (applicant designated states: DE;FR;GB) INVENTOR:

Bozman, Gerald Parks, 609 Ramapo Valley Road, Oakland, New Jersey 07436, (US)

Eisenberger, George, 54 Albemarle Road, White Plains, New York 10605, (US)

Lett, Alexander Stafford, 402 MacGregor Drive, Mahopac, New York 10541, (US)

Myers, James Joseph, 950 Columbus Avenue No.6, San Francisco, CA 94133, (US)

Tetzlaff, William Harold, 37 Fox Den Road, Mount Kisco, New York 10549, (US)

Unger, Jay Harold, Knollwood Court, Mohegan Lake, New York 10547, (US) LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:

Burt, Roger James, Dr. (52152), IBM United Kingdom Limited Intellectual Property Department Hursley Park, Winchester Hampshire SO21 2JN, (GB) PATENT (CC, No, Kind, Date): EP 441508 A2 910814 (Basic)

EP 441508 A3 930421 EP 441508 B1 960724

APPLICATION (CC, No, Date): EP 91300595 910125;

PRIORITY (CC, No, Date): US 477704 900209 DESIGNATED STATES: DE; FR; GB INTERNATIONAL PATENT CLASS: G06F-012/08; ABSTRACT WORD COUNT: 100 LANGUAGE (Publication, Procedural, Application): English; English; English FULLTEXT AVAILABILITY: Available Text Language Update Word Count EPABF1 CLAIMS A (English) 372 CLAIMS B (English) EPAB96 429 · CLAIMS B (German) EPAB96 475 CLAIMS B (French) EPAB96 502 SPEC A (English) EPABF1 3025 SPEC B (English) EPAB96 3076 Total word count - document A 3397 Total word count - document B 4482 Total word count - documents A + B 7879 ...SPECIFICATION to the intermediary space is many to one. Thus, two linear spaces sharing the same page would map to one single virtual external storage address (VESA) without synonym problems. The use of intermediate external storage avoids the synonym problem. Referring now ... ... bears the logical name File A Version 1 (AV1). It comprises original pages 0 and 1. The second file 31 bears the logical name File A Version 2 (AV2). AV2 includes original page 0 and modified page 1 (page 1'). The pages 0, 1, and 1' are mapped into the VESA addresses (so... ... SPECIFICATION to the intermediary space is many to one. Thus, two linear spaces sharing the same page would map to one single virtual external storage address (VESA) without synonym problems. The use of intermediate external storage avoids the synonym problem. Referring now... ... bears the logical name File A Version 1 (AV1). It comprises original pages 0 and 1. The second file 31 bears the logical name File Version 2 (AV2). AV2 includes original page 0 and **modified** page 1 (page 1'). The pages 0, 1, and 1' are mapped into the VESA addresses (so. . : (Item 35 from file: 348) 14/3, K/35DIALOG(R) File 348: EUROPEAN PATENTS (c) 2005 European Patent Office. All rts. reserv. External sorting using virtual storage. Externe Sortierung mit Hilfe eines virtuellen Speichers. Triage externe utilisant une memoire virtuelle. PATENT ASSIGNEE: International Business Machines Corporation, (200120), Old Orchard Road, Armonk, N.Y. 10504, (US), (applicant designated states: DE;FR;GB) INVENTOR: Archer, Gary David, 186 Michael Drive, Campbell, CA 95008, (US) Case, Douglas Robert, 182 Banff Springs Way, San Jose, CA 95139, (US) Wu, Hilda Jya-wei, 7214 Silver Lode Lane, San Jose, CA 95120, (US) LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: Burt, Roger James, Dr. (52152), IBM United Kingdom Limited Intellectual Property Department Hursley Park, Winchester Hampshire SO21 2JN, (GB) PATENT (CC, No, Kind, Date): EP 411788 A2 EP 411788 A3 910206 (Basic) EP 90307840 900718; APPLICATION (CC, No, Date):

PRIORITY (CC, No, Date): US 389243 890802

INTERNATIONAL PATENT CLASS: G06F-007/36;

DESIGNATED STATES: DE; FR; GB

LANGUAGE (Publication, Procedural, Application): English; English; English FULLTEXT AVAILABILITY:

Available Text Language Update Word Count CLAIMS A (English) EPABF1 1001 SPEC A (English) EPABF1 3595
Total word count - document A 4596

Total word count - document B 0
Total word count - documents A + B 4596

... SPECIFICATION are moved to RSAREA based on the sorted pointers.

- (4) Save the address of RSAREA in a **Storage Map** Table, STGMAP, and page out the contents to **secondary storage**.
- (5) Obtain another segment of **virtual storage**. The size of this segment is equal to the size of RSAREA, 16 MB in this example...
- ...until all records in the input file are called, sorted (arranged), moved to internal (real) memory backed **virtual storage**, swapped out to **secondary store**, and **virtual storage** address recorded.

Note that the process of grouping a number of records before writing them to external storage is called "blocking". The blocking process has to be applied to the records in RSAREA before they...

- ...may be paged out, they are already in the required format, so to speak.

  Assume that expanded **store** is available:
  - (7) Steps (1) (6) are modified such that as the size of virtual storage GETMAINed and referenced exceeds the size of the real storage, the least recently used virtual storage pages are paged out to expanded storage. Also, the RSAREA with the smallest index (I) number will...
- ...expanded storage. Since there are 256 MB of expanded storage available, no pages will be moved to **secondary storage**.

  MERGE Phase

The file to be sorted was partitioned into 200/16 = 13 subsets or 13 sorted strings. The size of each string is about 16 MB. Each entry in the **Storage Map** Table points to the starting **virtual storage** address of a sorted string.

Using entries in the **Storage Map** Table to find the first record of each string, the first record of each string is placed...

...may already be paged out to expanded storage, so they have to be brought into internal (real) **storage**. INAREA is now used as the output buffer area. When INAREA is full, the data in INAREA will be **written** to an output **file**. This process continues until all records are merged to become one output file.

In this invention, virtual storage embraces a sort work data set and is not merely a "sorting area". While using virtual storage as a "sorting area" may avoid data movements to secondary storage, it nevertheless is penalized by the fact that a data reference pattern for typical internal sorting is random and records could potentially be referenced many times. If the amount of virtual storage is too big relative to the amount of real storage available, it is very likely that a...

...to rise, "thrashing" problems might occur.

A subset of records from each ordered string that had been mapped into virtual storage are merged together. This data may already have been migrated to either expanded storage or to auxiliary...

# ...A Comparison

Ordinarily, external sorts tend to be I/O bound (i.e., reference to external or **secondary storage**). This means that most of the elapsed time of an external sort is usually spent waiting for...

```
(Item 1 from file: 349)
 14/3,K/53
DIALOG(R) File 349: PCT FULLTEXT
(c) 2005 WIPO/Univentio. All rts. reserv.
            **Image available**
DATA BACKUP AND RESTORATION USING DYNAMIC VIRTUAL STORAGE
SAUVEGARDE DE SECURITE ET RESTAURATION DE DONNEES FAISANT APPEL A UNE
    MEMOIRE VIRTUELLE DYNAMIQUE
Patent Applicant/Assignee:
  VOOM TECHNOLOGIES INC, P.O. Box 71, Lakeland, MN 55043-0071, US, US
    (Residence), US (Nationality)
Inventor(s):
  BIESSENER Gaston R, 709 Lawson Avenue East, St. Paul, MN 55106, US,
  BIESSENER David W, 1397 Clippership Alcove, Woodbury, MN 55125, US,
  CHECKY Michael T, 532 Hyde Avenue, Mahtomedi, MN 55115, US,
Legal Representative:
  SIEFFERT Kent J (agent), Shumaker & Sieffert, P.A., 8425 Seasons Parkway,
    Suite 105, St. Paul, MN 55125, US,
Patent and Priority Information (Country, Number, Date):
                        WO 200352604 A1 20030626 (WO 0352604)
WO 2002US40031 20021211 (PCT/WO US0240031)
  Patent:
  Application:
  Priority Application: US 200120086 20011214
Designated States:
(Protection type is "patent" unless otherwise stated - for applications
prior to 2004)
  AE AG AL AM AT AU AZ BA BB BG BR BY BZ CA CH CN CO CR CU CZ DE DK DM DZ
  EC EE ES FI GB GD GE GH GM HR HU ID IL IN IS JP KE KG KP KR KZ LC LK LR
  LS LT LU LV MA MD MG MK MN MW MX MZ NO NZ OM PH PL PT RO RU SD SE SG SK
  SL TJ TM TN TR TT TZ UA UG UZ VN YU ZA ZM ZW
  (EP) AT BE BG CH CY CZ DE DK EE ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LU MC NL PT SE SI SK
  ТR
  (OA) BF BJ CF CG CI CM GA GN GO GW ML MR NE SN TD TG
  (AP) GH GM KE LS MW MZ SD SL SZ TZ UG ZM ZW
  (EA) AM AZ BY KG KZ MD RU TJ TM
Publication Language: English
Filing Language: English
Fulltext Word Count: 8436
Fulltext Availability:
  Detailed Description
```

# Claims

English Abstract

...having one or more physical storage devices, and a controller (6) coupled to the processor and the **storage** system. The controller maintains a virtual **storage** map (VSM) allocating a primary virtual **storage** (10A) and a **secondary** virtual **storage** (10B) within a storage system (8). The controller stores data received from the processor prior to a time TO on the primary virtual storage, **stores** data received from the processor after time TO on the **secondary virtual storage**. The controller updates the VSM in response to a save command to reallocate the primary **virtual storage** to include data written to the **secondary virtual storage**. In this manner, the system can backup data in a manner that appears almost instantaneous to the...

# Detailed Description ... organization.

### SUMMARY

[00051 In general, the invention is directed to a system that makes use of dynamic **virtual** storage to save and restore data within a computing environment. The system may include a controller that...and the storage system. The controller maintains a virtual

```
include the data written to the secondary storage device after TO. 5 1
  The method of claim 49, wherein receiving the save command via a
  apparatus comprising:
  a computer-readable medium to store a virtual storage
                                                            map (VSM)
  allocating a primary virtual storage and a secondary virtual storage
  within a storage system;
  an input/output (1/0); and
a control unit to update the VSM...
...from software executing on a processor within a host computer.
  54 A method comprising:
  storing a virtual storage
                                map (VSM) to define a set of storage
  w-iits for a primary
  virtual storage and a secondary virtual storage;
  storing history data indicating a sequence of save and restore commands;
  and storing version data for the storage units of secondary virtual
  storage , wherein the version data associates one of the commands within
  the history data with each of the storage units of the secondary
  virtual storage .
  55 The method of claim 54, further comprising:
  receiving a save command;
  adjusting the VSM in response...
 14/3,K/55
               (Item 3 from file: 349)
DIALOG(R) File 349: PCT FULLTEXT
(c) 2005 WIPO/Univentio. All rts. reserv.
            **Image available**
DATA BACKUP METHOD AND SYSTEM USING SNAPSHOT AND VIRTUAL TAPE
PROCEDE ET SYSTEME DE SAUVEGARDE DE DONNEES UTILISANT UNE BANDE INSTANTANEE
    ET VIRTUELLE
Patent Applicant/Assignee:
  SANGATE SYSTEMS INC, 144 Turnpike Road, Southborough, MA 01772, US, US
    (Residence), US (Nationality)
Inventor(s):
  WINOKUR Alexander, Hatisbi Street 108A, 34521 Haifa, IL,
Legal Representative:
  KENNARD Wayne M (et al) (agent), Hale and Dorr LLP, 60 State Street,
    Boston, MA 02109, US,
Patent and Priority Information (Country, Number, Date):
  Patent:
                        WO 200314933 A1 20030220 (WO 0314933)
                        WO 2002US24709 20020806 (PCT/WO US0224709)
  Application:
  Priority Application: US 2001923384 20010808
Designated States:
(Protection type is "patent" unless otherwise stated - for applications
prior to 2004)
  AE AG AL AM AT AU AZ BA BB BG BR BY BZ CA CH CN CO CR CU CZ DE DK DM DZ
  EE ES FI GB GD GE GH GM HR HU ID IL IN IS JP KE KG KP KR KZ LC LK LR LS
  LT LU LV MA MD MG MK MN MW MX MZ NO NZ PL PT RO RU SD SE SG SI SK SL TJ
  TM TR TT TZ UA UG UZ VN YU ZA ZW
  (EP) AT BE BG CH CY CZ DE DK EE ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LU MC NL PT SE SK TR
  (OA) BF BJ CF CG CI CM GA GN GQ GW ML MR NE SN TD TG
  (AP) GH GM KE LS MW MZ SD SL SZ TZ UG ZM ZW
  (EA) AM AZ BY KG KZ MD RU TJ TM
Publication Language: English
Filing Language: English
Fulltext Word Count: 8468
Fulltext Availability:
  Detailed Description
```

Claims

- 1 1 (c-2) if the element has not already been copied, then copying the element to its mapped location in the second direct access storage device.
- 2 The method of claim I further comprising the act ofduring the iterating act, intercepting a...
- ...copied, wherein, if such a write command is intercepted, copying the element from the first direct access storage device to its mapped location in the second direct access storage device, then executing the write command.
  - 3 The method ... The method of claim I further comprising the act of: storing the set of data into the **second** direct access **storage** device using a second input-output (110) access protocol (SCSIIFC). i 6. The method of claim 5 wherein the **second file** access protocol is Open System protocol.
  - 7 The method ...with the one of bits has been copied from the first direct access storage device to the **second** direct access storage device.
  - 14 The method of claim I further comprising: copying ...the first direct access storage device;
  - (b) means for mapping destination locations in a second direct access
  - storage device for each element of the set, wherein the destination locations are in a sequence
  - emulating ...means for detern-dning if the each element of the set has already been
  - copied to the **second** direct access **storage** device; and (c-2) means for copying the element to its **mapped** location in the **second**
  - direct access **storage** device if the element has not already been copied.
  - 17 The system of claim 16 further comprising the first direct access storage device to its mapped location in the second direct access storage device, then executing the write command.
  - 18 The system of claim 16 further comprising: means for retrieving...
- ... The system of claim 16 further comprising:
  - 28 means for storing the set of data into the **second** direct access **storage** device using a second input-output (110) protocol.
  - 21 The system of claim 20 wherein the  $\ensuremath{\mathbf{second}}$   $\ensuremath{\mathbf{file}}$  access protocol is Open System protocol.
  - 22 The system of claim 16 further comprising: means for identifying...
- 14/3,K/56 (Item 4 from file: 349)

DIALOG(R) File 349: PCT FULLTEXT

- (c) 2005 WIPO/Univentio. All rts. reserv.
- 00948121 \*\*Image available\*\*

METHOD FOR ESTABLISHING A DRIVE IMAGE IN A COMPUTING ENVIRONMENT PROCEDE PERMETTANT DE CREER UNE IMAGE DE LECTEUR DANS UN ENVIRONNEMENT INFORMATIQUE

Patent Applicant/Assignee:

CONNECTIX CORPORATION, 2955 Campus Drive, Suite 100, San Mateo, CA 94403, US, US (Residence), US (Nationality)

Inventor(s):

TRAUT Eric P, 3 Iris Lane, San Carlos, CA 94070, US,

GILES Aaron S, 1680 Belleville Way, Sunnyvale, CA 94087, US, CHAKRABORTY Parag, 1600 Villa Street #276, Mountain View, CA 94041, US, Legal Representative:

FULGHUM Roger J (agent), Baker Botts L.L.P., One Shell Plaza, 910 Louisiana, Houston, TX 77002, US,

Patent and Priority Information (Country, Number, Date):

Patent: WO 200282262 A2-A3 20021017 (WO 0282262)
Application: WO 2002US10078 20020401 (PCT/WO US02010078)
Priority Application: US 2001282111 20010407; US 2001918295 20010730
Designated States:

(Protection type is "patent" unless otherwise stated - for applications prior to 2004)

AE AG AL AM AT AU AZ BA BB BG BR BY BZ CA CH CN CO CR CU CZ DE DK DM DZ EC EE ES FI GB GD GE GH GM HR HU ID IL IN IS JP KE KG KP KR KZ LC LK LR LS LT LU LV MA MD MG MK MN MW MX MZ NO NZ OM PH PL PT RO RU SD SE SG SI SK SL TJ TM TN TR TT TZ UA UG UZ VN YU ZA ZM ZW

(EP) AT BE CH CY DE DK ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LU MC NL PT SE TR

(OA) BF BJ CF CG CI CM GA GN GQ GW ML MR NE SN TD TG

(AP) GH GM KE LS MW MZ SD SL SZ TZ UG ZM ZW

(EA) AM AZ BY KG KZ MD RU TJ TM

Publication Language: English Filing Language: English Fulltext Word Count: 6713

Fulltext Availability: Detailed Description Claims

### Detailed Description

.. by the data of block 50. As such, the location of the blocks in the dynamically expanding file tracks the sequence the sequence that the blocks were written to, rather than tracking the sequence the...of the differencing drive, which expands to accommodate writes to the differencing drive. Included in the differencing drive is a bit map for identifying the blocks of the virtual hard drive that have been written to or recorded in the differencing drive. The differencing drives of the present invention may be cascaded. A differencing drive may be added such that the original differencing drive is the parent of the newly added differencing drive. When the target drive for write operations is switched to the newly added differencing drive, the content of the original differencing drive is fixed and writes to the virtual hard drive by the emulated computer system are made to the newly added differencing drive.

The virtual hard drive...may be maintained at a server computer and each of the client computers may include a differencing drive that includes the writes made by the client computer to the parent drive of the server computer.

The method disclosed herein is advantageous in that it provides for the ...operating system 18 (Figure 1), however, still views drive image 202 as the hard drive of the **emulated** computer system.

When the emulated computer system is ...Like a dynamically expanding drive, the differencing drive includes a bit map. In the case of a differencing drive, each bit of the bit map corresponds to one of the available blocks of the virtual hard drive. If a bit of the bit map of the differencing drive is a logical 1, the content of the corresponding block has been written to and is present in the differencing drive. If a bit of the bit map of the differencing drive is a logical 0, the content of the corresponding block either has not been written ...to or the content of the corresponding block can be found in the parent drive of the differencing drive. Although the differencing drive perfonns in many ways like a dynamically expanding drive, the differencing drive can be a complement to either a fixed

drive of an emulated computer system of claim 8, wherein the step of
recording the result of the write operation comprises the step of
expanding the size of the file associated with the differencing drive
to accommodate the written to blocks of the differencing drive .

10 The method for performing a **write** operation to the virtual hard **drive** of an emulated computer system of claim 8, further comprising the step of maintaining a bit map...to the emulated computer system to be the hard drive of the

emulated computer system;

performing a **write** operation in the emulated computer system to the hard

drive of the emulated computer system;

recording the result of the write operation in the differencing drive of the virtual hard drive such that write operations performed to the virtual hard drive of the host computer system are performed in the differencing drive rather than in the parent drive...computing session.

- 13 The method for performing an undo operation on a virtual hard drive of an **emulated** computer system of claim 11, wherein the step of prompting the user for a determination comprises the...of the hard drive, synchronizing the content of the hard drive of the emulated computer system by **writing** the content of the differencing **drive** to the content of the parent drive.
- 15 A virtual hard drive of an emulated computer system...drive of the computer system comprising a primary differencing drive;
- a third file on the physical hard **drive** of the computer system comprising a

secondary differencing drive; and

wherein write operations to the virtual hard drive are made to the primary differencing drive during a first time interval, the primary differencing recording the writes to the virtual hard drive and expanding in size to accommodate the content of write operations to the virtual hard drive during the first time interval; wherein write operations to the virtual hard drive are made to the secondary differencing drive during a second time interval, the secondary differencing drive recording the writes to the virtual hard drive and expanding in size to accommodate write operations to the virtual hard drive during the second time interval.

16 The virtual hard drive of an emulated computer system of claim...

14/3,K/57 (Item 5 from file: 349)
DIALOG(R)File 349:PCT FULLTEXT
(c) 2005 WIPO/Univentio. All rts. reserv.

00932133

STORAGE VIRTUALIZATION SYSTEM AND METHODS SYSTEME ET PROCEDES DE VIRTUALISATION DE STOCKAGE

Patent Applicant/Assignee:
YOTTAYOTTA INC, 10210 NE Points Drive, Suite 300, Kirkland, WA 98033, US,
US (Residence), US (Nationality), (For all designated states except:

Patent Applicant/Inventor:

KARPOFF Wayne T, 678 Estate Drive, Sherwood Park, Alberta T8B 1M4, CA, CA (Residence), CA (Nationality), (Designated only for: US)

(Residence), CA (Nationality), (Designated only for: US)
LAKE Brian, 10676 Capilano St., Suite 604, Edmonton, Alberta T6A 3R9, CA,
CA (Residence), CA (Nationality), (Designated only for: US)
Legal Representative:

GRAY Gerald T (et al) (agent), Townsend and Townsend and Crew LLP, Two Embarcadero Center, Eighth Floor, San Francisco, CA 94111, US, Patent and Priority Information (Country, Number, Date):

Patent: WO 200265275 Al 20020822 (WO 0265275)
Application: WO 2002US919 20020111 (PCT/WO US0200919)

Priority Application: US 2001261140 20010111

Designated States:

(Protection type is "patent" unless otherwise stated - for applications prior to 2004)

AE AG AL AM AT AU AZ BA BB BG BR BY BZ CA CH CN CO CR CU CZ DE DK DM DZ EC EE ES FI GB GD GE GH GM HR HU ID IL IN IS JP KE KG KP KR KZ LC LK LR LS LT LU LV MA MD MG MK MN MW MX MZ NO NZ OM PH PL PT RO RU SD SE SG SI SK SL TJ TM TN TR TT TZ UA UG US UZ VN YU ZA ZM ZW

(EP) AT BE CH CY DE DK ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LU MC NL PT SE TR

(OA) BF BJ CF CG CI CM GA GN GQ GW ML MR NE SN TD TG

(AP) GH GM KE LS MW MZ SD SL SZ TZ UG ZM ZW

(EA) AM AZ BY KG KZ MD RU TJ TM Publication Language: English

Filing Language: English Fulltext Word Count: 7757

Fulltext Availability: Detailed Description

# Detailed Description

... to a level of abstraction implemented in software that servers use to divide available physical storage into virtual disks or volumes. Virtual volumes are used by the Operating System (OS) as if they were physical disks. In fact, it is generally impossible for an operating system to perceive them as anything but real disks. The Storage Virtualization Layer redirects or maps 1/0 requests made against a virtual disk to blocks in real storage. This direction/redirection means that changes in the physical location of storage blocks (to service access patterns, performance requirements, growth requirements or failure recovery) can be accommodated by a simple update of the virtual-to-real mappings.

A virtual volume can be created, expanded, **deleted**, moved and selectively presented independent of the **storage** subsystems on which it resides. Furthermore, a virtual volume may include storage space in **different storage** subsystems, each with different characteristics. Virtualization architectures will play a key role in solving centralization problems, enabling...

14/3,K/60 (Item 8 from file: 349)
DIALOG(R)File 349:PCT FULLTEXT
(c) 2005 WIPO/Univentio. All rts. reserv.

00482051 \*\*Image available\*\*

DATA FILE STORAGE MANAGEMENT SYSTEM FOR SNAPSHOT COPY OPERATIONS
SYSTEME DE GESTION DE MEMOIRE DE FICHIERS DE DONNEES POUR OPERATIONS DE
COPIE SELECTIVE

Patent Applicant/Assignee:

STORAGE TECHNOLOGY CORPORATION,

Inventor(s):

BELSAN Jay Stuart,

MILILLO Michael Steven,

O'BRIEN John Timothy,

Patent and Priority Information (Country, Number, Date):

Patent: WO 9913403 A1 19990318

Application: WO 98US7458 19980415 (PCT/WO US9807458)

Priority Application: US 97925787 19970909

Designated States:

(Protection type is "patent" unless otherwise stated - for applications prior to 2004)

JP AT BE CH CY DE DK ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LU MC NL PT SE Publication Language: English

Fulltext Word Count: 16051

Patent and Priority Information (Country, Number, Date):

Patent: ... 19990318

Fulltext Availability:
Detailed Description
Publication Year: 1999

Detailed Description

... of the snapshot copy operation must wait until the first set of mapping table pointers have been updated .

Data Storage Subsystem Architecture

1 0 The present data **file storage** management system for snapshot copy operations 106 is implemented in a dynamically **mapped virtual** data **storage** 

subsystem 100 ...data file. This translation of the virtual track identification to the logical address corresponding to the physical storage location comprises the "dynamically mapped virtual" aspect of the data storage subsystem 100. A cache memory 102 is included in the data storage subsystem 1 00 to provide temporary storage for data files as well as data used by the controller 104. The present data file storage...

14/3,K/70 (Item 18 from file: 349) DIALOG(R)File 349:PCT FULLTEXT

(c) 2005 WIPO/Univentio. All rts. reserv.

00168292 \*\*Image available\*\*

SINGLE DISK EMULATION FOR SYNCHRONOUS DISK ARRAY EMULATION DE DISQUE UNIQUE POUR RESEAU DE DISQUES SYNCHRONES

Patent Applicant/Assignee:

CRAY RESEARCH INC,

Inventor(s):

HALFORD Robert J,

Patent and Priority Information (Country, Number, Date):

Patent: WO 9001737 A1 19900222

Application: WO 89US2262 19890523 (PCT/WO US8902262)

Priority Application: US 88367 19880802

Designated States:

(Protection type is "patent" unless otherwise stated - for applications prior to 2004)

AT BE CH DE FR GB IT JP LU NL SE Publication Language: English

Fulltext Word Count: 6148

Patent and Priority Information (Country, Number, Date):

Patent: ... 19900222

English Abstract

A multiple disk drive array storage device is described which emulates the operation of a single disk drive so that the handshaking and protocol between the array storage...

...be that of a single disk drive. The array storage device includes a plurality of individual disk drives, each of which having its spindle synchronized to the other disk drives using a master clock synchronization. Digital data words are received by the array storage device controller which divides the words into subparts and writes each subpart to a different disk drive within the storage device. The buffering and formatting of the digital data for reading and writing from the individual disk drives is accomplished by the controller transparent to the host computer.

```
File
       8:Ei Compendex(R) 1970-2005/May W5
         (c) 2005 Elsevier Eng. Info. Inc.
      35:Dissertation Abs Online 1861-2005/May
File
         (c) 2005 ProQuest Info&Learning
      65: Inside Conferences 1993-2005/Jun W1
File
         (c) 2005 BLDSC all rts. reserv.
File
       2:INSPEC 1969-2005/May W5
         (c) 2005 Institution of Electrical Engineers
      94:JICST-EPlus 1985-2005/Apr W3
File
         (c) 2005 Japan Science and Tech Corp(JST)
File
       6:NTIS 1964-2005/May W5
         (c) 2005 NTIS, Intl Cpyrght All Rights Res
File 144: Pascal 1973-2005/May W5
         (c) 2005 INIST/CNRS
File 434:SciSearch(R) Cited Ref Sci 1974-1989/Dec
         (c) 1998 Inst for Sci Info
      34:SciSearch(R) Cited Ref Sci 1990-2005/May W5
File
         (c) 2005 Inst for Sci Info
      99:Wilson Appl. Sci & Tech Abs 1983-2005/May (c) 2005 The HW Wilson Co.
File
File 266:FEDRIP 2005/Jun
         Comp & dist by NTIS, Intl Copyright All Rights Res
      95:TEME-Technology & Management 1989-2005/May W1
File
         (c) 2005 FIZ TECHNIK
File 438:Library Lit. & Info. Science 1984-2005/May
         (c) 2005 The HW Wilson Co
Set
        Items
                Description
                EMULAT???? OR SIMULAT???? OR (VIRTUAL? OR GUEST) (2W) (PC? ?
S1
      3328814
             OR COMPUTER? ? OR SYSTEM? ? OR OS OR ENVIRONMENT)
S2
      3224164
                DRIVE OR DRIVES OR DISK? ? OR DISC? ? OR VOLUME? ? OR HARD-
             DRIVE? ? OR HARDDISK? ? OR HARDDISC? ? OR STORE? ? OR STORAGE
                 (VIRTUAL OR EMULAT? OR SIMULAT? OR GUEST) (2W) S2
S3
        15020
                DIFFERENCING(2W)(S2 OR FILE? ? OR FOLDER? ? OR PARTITION? ?
S4
              OR AREA)
S5
                 (TEMPORARY OR TRANSIENT OR STAGING) (2W) (S2 OR FILE? ? OR F-
             OLDER? ? OR PARTITION? ? OR AREA)
        34957
                (SECOND? OR 2ND OR SUBORDINATE? OR CHILD OR DIFFERENT OR S-
S6
             EPARATE) (2W) (S2 OR FILE? ? OR FOLDER? ? OR PARTITION? ? OR AR-
S7
       262852
                 (WRIT??? OR WRITTEN OR CHANG??? OR DELET???? OR ERAS???? OR
              UPDAT??? OR EDIT??? OR MODIF???? OR MODIFICATION? ? OR ALTER-
             ??? OR ALTERATION? ?) (10N) (S2 OR FILE? ? OR FOLDER? ? OR PART-
             ITION? ? OR AREA)
                S2(7N)(SYNC??? OR SYNCHRONIZ?????? OR SYNCHRONIS?????? OR -
S8
        22570
             RECONCIL? OR CONFORM? OR MAP????)
S9
          374
                RAM()(DISK OR DRIVE? ?)
                (S1 OR S3) AND S4:S6-AND S7 AND S8
                (S1 OR S3) AND S4:S6 AND S7
S11
          387
          381
                S1 AND S11
S12
                S3 AND S12
S13
           22
S14
           23
                S10 OR S13
                S9(10N)(SYNC??? OR SYNCHRONIZ?????? OR SYNCHRONIS?????? OR
S15
            RECONCIL? OR CONFORM? OR MAP????)
           18
S16
               RD S14 (unique items)
```

```
(Item 1 from file: 8)
16/5/1
DIALOG(R) File
               8:Ei Compendex(R)
(c) 2005 Elsevier Eng. Info. Inc. All rts. reserv.
           E.I. No: EIP04148093000
06786254
  Title: SFS: A Universal File System Cache for Disconnected FS Operations
  Author: Chang, Henry; Novak, Frank; Tait, Carl; Hortensius, Peter
  Corporate Source: IBM T.J. Watson Research Center, Yorktown Heights, NY
10598, United States
  Conference Title: Joint Conference on Information Sciences - Proceedings,
Abstracts and Summaries '94
  Conference Location: Pinehurst, NC, United States
19941101-19941101
  E.I. Conference No.: 62516
  Source: Proceedings of the Joint Conference on Information Sciences 1994.
  Publication Year: 1994
  Language: English
  Document Type: CA; (Conference Article)
                                               Treatment: T; (Theoretical)
  Journal Announcement: 0404W1
  Abstract: This paper describes the Shadow File System (SFS), a universal
file system cache manager on OS/2 and Windows that supports operations
involving disconnectable file systems such as network (LAN) file servers,
peer-to-peer file servers and docking station disk drives. SFS is a file
system redirector that intercepts file system calls to remote file systems.
It provides whole-file caching while connected, and uses cached copies to
simulate remote file system service during periods of disconnection.
Modified files and directories are synchronized at reconnection time;
Modified
any conflicting updates are reported to the user. We call SFS a universal file system because it is server-independent. This is a result
of two features of the design. First, SFS is a client-side-only solution;
no changes are required to server code. Second , remote drives are always accessed through drive letters: any remote file system that exports
a drive to the local PC operating system can be managed by SFS. SFS is
inspired by Coda left bracket Satyanarayanan92, Honeyman93 right bracket .
a disconnection-enabled caching file system. SFS, however, must deal with
issues of consistency, synchronization, and conflict resolution in a
multi-server, multi-platform PC computing environment. 6 Refs.
  Descriptors: *Mobile telecommunication systems; Client server computer
systems; Local area networks; Multi agent systems; Graphical user
interfaces; Buffer storage; Computer operating systems; Servers;
Synchronization
  Identifiers: Shadow file systems (SFS); Remote file systems
  Classification Codes:
722.4 (Digital Computers & Systems); 723.5 (Computer Applications); 722.2 (Computer Peripheral Equipment); 722.1 (Data Storage, Equipment &
Techniques); 731.1 (Control Systems)
  718 (Telephone & Other Line Communications); 722 (Computer Hardware);
723 (Computer Software, Data Handling & Applications); 731
Control Principles & Applications)
  71 (ELECTRONICS & COMMUNICATION ENGINEERING); 72 (COMPUTERS & DATA
PROCESSING); 73 (CONTROL ENGINEERING)
             (Item 2 from file: 8)
 16/5/2
DIALOG(R)File 8:Ei Compendex(R)
(c) 2005 Elsevier Eng. Info. Inc. All rts. reserv.
           E.I. No: EIP97073720660
04743053
   Title: Parallel file access for implementing dynamic load balancing on a
massively parallel computer
           Shimizu, Masahisa; Oue, Yasuhiro; Ohnishi, Kazumasa; Kitamura,
  Author:
Toru
  Corporate Source: Massively Parallel Systems Sanyo Lab, Tokyo, Jpn
```

Conference Title: Proceedings of the 1995 International Symposium on

Parallel and Distributed Supercomputing

Conference Location: Fukuoka, Jpn Conference Date: 19950926-19950928

E.I. Conference No.: 46561

Source: IEICE Transactions on Information and Systems v E80-D n 4 Apr 1997. p 466-472

Publication Year: 1997

CODEN: ITISEF ISSN: 0916-8532

Language: English

Document Type: JA; (Journal Article) Treatment: T; (Theoretical)

Journal Announcement: 9708W4

Abstract: Because a massively parallel computer processes vast amounts of data and generates many access requests from multiple processors simultaneously, parallel 'secondary storage requires large capacity and high concurrency. One effective method of implementation of such secondary

storage is to use disk arrays which have multiple disks connected in parallel. In this paper, we propose a parallel file access method named DECODE (dynamic express changing of data entry) in which load balancing of each disk is achieved by dynamic determination of the write data position. For resolution of the problem of data fragmentation which is caused by the relocation of data during a write process, the concept of Equivalent Area is introduced. We have performed a preliminary performance evaluation using software simulation under various access statuses by changing the access pattern, access size and stripe size and confirmed the effectiveness of load balancing with this method. (Author abstract) 10 Refs.

Descriptors: \*Parallel processing systems; Data acquisition; Computer software; Computer simulation; Magnetic disk storage; File organization; Storage allocation (computer)

Identifiers: Load balancing; Parallel file access

Classification Codes:

722.4 (Digital Computers & Systems); 723.2 (Data Processing); 723.5 (Computer Applications); 722.1 (Data Storage, Equipment & Techniques) 722 (Computer Hardware); 723 (Computer Software)

72 (COMPUTERS & DATA PROCESSING)

16/5/6 (Item 1 from file: 35)
DIALOG(R)File 35:Dissertation Abs Online
(c) 2005 ProQuest Info&Learning. All rts. reserv.

779231 ORDER NO: AAD82-11846

VIRTUAL STORAGE MANAGEMENT IN THE ABSENCE OF REFERENCE BITS

Author: BABAOGLU, OZALP

Degree: PH.D. Year: 1981

Corporate Source/Institution: UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA, BERKELEY (0028)

Source: VOLUME 42/12-B OF DISSERTATION ABSTRACTS INTERNATIONAL.

PAGE 4858. 181 PAGES
Descriptors: COMPUTER SCIENCE

Descriptor Codes: 0984

Virtual storage management requires a policy to replace data in primary storage with incoming data from secondary storage. To be effective, such a policy must select for replacement data that is not going to be needed in the near future. Having no knowledge about future demands for data, the replacement policy must anticipate them based on past demands.

In most implementations of **virtual storage systems**, past demand for data is recorded in a reference bit associated with that data. These bits can then be examined and/or **altered** by the replacement policy. This thesis extends the **virtual storage** concept to within each storage hierarchy level. The analysis of such hierarchical replacement policies confirm their suitability for managing storage hierarchies that lack reference bits.

Our preliminary studies are concerned with results that can be used in the evaluation of virtual storage systems in general. This

includes the development of a program that is capable of synthesizing certain referencing behaviors in a virtual storage

Then, a class of hybrid replacement policies that employ different algorithms for the management of data in two logical partitions of primary storage is introduced and analyzed. It is shown that under certain conditions these hybrid policies incur little additional cost and perform as if reference bits were available. Trace-driven simulations are conducted to validate the findings of the analytic studies. These indicate that the conditions under which the hybrid policies exhibit good performance are rarely satisfied in an actual system.

As alternatives, the Clock and Sampled Working Set replacement policies are developed for this environment and shown to perform more robustly with respect to most variations encountered in a typical system.

Based on this work the global Clock algorithm is adopted as the page replacement policy in a virtual storage extension made to the UNIX operating system. The system runs on the VAX-11/780 computer, which lacks reference bits.

Formal models based on inventory control theory are finally developed to optimize certain policy parameters adopted in the implementation.

(Item 1 from file: 2)

DIALOG(R) File 2:INSPEC

(c) 2005 Institution of Electrical Engineers. All rts. reserv.

INSPEC Abstract Number: C2003-05-6110B-042 7597848

Title: A virtual file system Author(s): Atsushi, Y.; Naoki, F. system for source program editing

Author Affiliation: Center for Inf. Sci., Wakayama Univ., Japan

Conference Title: Ninth Asia-Pacific Software Engineering Conference. p.176-83

Editor(s): Strooper, P.; Muenchaisri, P.

Publisher: IEEE Comput. Soc, Los Alamitos, CA, USA

Publication Date: 2002 Country of Publication: USA xvi+612 pp.

ISBN: 0 7695 1850 8 Material Identity Number: XX-2002-03973

U.S. Copyright Clearance Center Code: 1530-1362/02/\$17.00

Title: Proceedings Asia-Pacific Conference Software Engineering Conference

Conference Sponsor: Bond Univ.; Distributed Syst. Technol. Centre; Software Eng. Australia; Queensland Gov. Dept. Innovation & Inf. Economy; Gold Coast City Council; Griffith Univ.; Latrobe Univ.; Queensland Univ. Technol.; Swinburne Univ. Technol.; Univ. Melbourne; Univ. New South Wales;

Univ. Queensland; Univ. South Australia Conference Date: 4-6 Dec. 2002 Con Conference Location: Gold Coast, Qld., Australia

Document Type: Conference Paper (PA) Language: English

Treatment: Practical (P)

Abstract: In this paper we propose a virtual file system , "SPDFS," which provides global declarations in source programs as virtual files to programmers. Global declarations means objects which declare identifiers in external scope, such as function definition and variable declaration. On SPDFS, programmers can edit virtual files directly by their favorite editors . Changes to declarations in a virtual file are to be applied to real source files automatically. SPDFS can also provide a set of relevant declarations distributed in different source files virtual file. Relevancy of declarations in this paper means references among declarations. SPDFS retrieves declarations which are referred by or refer to the target declaration and combine them in a virtual file. The depth of references can be specified in a file path by programmers. SPDFS reduces the amount of source programs which programmers need to read for editing and the amount of programmers' works for searching relevant declarations. We show an implementation of SPDFS using the portal file system on FreeBSD. The portal file system invokes commands for reading and writing a virtual file respectively. These commands work as user-land process. Because no modification of kernel is required, it is easy to customize the behavior of SPDFS. We also show the effectiveness of SPDFS by comparing numbers of lines of source programs which programmers need to read for editing. (15 Refs)

Subfile: C

Descriptors: file organisation; software engineering; virtual storage Identifiers: virtual file system; SPDFS; source programs; virtual

files; software development; portal file system

Class Codes: C6110B (Software engineering techniques); C6120 (File organisation)

Copyright 2003, IEE

16/5/10 (Item 4 from file: 2)

DIALOG(R) File 2:INSPEC

(c) 2005 Institution of Electrical Engineers. All rts. reserv.

02338720 INSPEC Abstract Number: C84050911

Title: A tale of two operating systems

Author(s): Daney, C.; Foth, T.

Journal: BYTE vol.9, no.9 p.42-56

Publication Date: 1984 Country of Publication: USA

CODEN: BYTEDJ ISSN: 0360-5280

Language: English Document Type: Journal Paper (JP)

Treatment: General, Review (G)

Abstract: The IBM PC XT/370 uses the VM/PC (virtual machine/personal ) operating system. VM/PC shares many characteristics with the mainframe operating system known as VM/370. The main thing that these two operating systems have in common is known as CMS (conversational monitor system). The authors focus their comparison of CMS and PC-DOS from Microsoft on three different areas: the file system, command procedures, and system modification and extension. While Microsoft's is always working in your PC XT/370-even if only for I/O (input/output) operations-VM/CMS is invoked only when you are operating as, or networking with, a System/370 mainframe. (0 Refs)

Subfile: C

Descriptors: operating systems (computers); virtual storage

Identifiers: virtual memory; system extension; input/output operations; operating systems; IBM PC XT/370; VM/PC; CMS; conversational monitor system; PC-DOS; Microsoft; file system; command procedures; system modification; networking

Class Codes: C6120 (File organisation); C6150J (Operating systems)

```
File 275:Gale Group Computer DB(TM) 1983-2005/Jun 07
          (c) 2005 The Gale Group
File 621:Gale Group New Prod. Annou. (R) 1985-2005/Jun 07
          (c) 2005 The Gale Group
File 636:Gale Group Newsletter DB(TM) 1987-2005/Jun 07
          (c) 2005 The Gale Group
      16:Gale Group PROMT(R) 1990-2005/Jun 07
File
          (c) 2005 The Gale Group
File 160:Gale Group PROMT(R) 1972-1989
          (c) 1999 The Gale Group
File 148:Gale Group Trade & Industry DB 1976-2005/Jun 07
          (c) 2005 The Gale Group
File 624:McGraw-Hill Publications 1985-2005/Jun 07
          (c) 2005 McGraw-Hill Co. Inc
     15:ABI/Inform(R) 1971-2005/Jun 08
          (c) 2005 ProQuest Info&Learning
File 647:CMP Computer Fulltext 1988-2005/May W4
          (c) 2005 CMP Media, LLC
File 674: Computer News Fulltext 1989-2005/Jun W1
          (c) 2005 IDG Communications
File 696:DIALOG Telecom. Newsletters 1995-2005/Jun 07
          (c) 2005 The Dialog Corp.
File 369:New Scientist 1994-2005/Apr W3
          (c) 2005 Reed Business Information Ltd.
File 810: Business Wire 1986-1999/Feb 28
          (c) 1999 Business Wire
File 813:PR Newswire 1987-1999/Apr 30
          (c) 1999 PR Newswire Association Inc
File 610: Business Wire 1999-2005/Jun 08
          (c) 2005 Business Wire.
File 613:PR Newswire 1999-2005/Jun 08
          (c) 2005 PR Newswire Association Inc
Set
        Items
                 Description
                 EMULAT???? OR SIMULAT???? OR (VIRTUAL? OR GUEST) (2W) (PC? ?
S1
       728321
              OR COMPUTER? ? OR SYSTEM? ? OR OS OR ENVIRONMENT)
                 DRIVE OR DRIVES OR DISK? ? OR DISC? ? OR VOLUME? ? OR HARD-
S2
      8318955
              DRIVE? ? OR HARDDISK? ? OR HARDDISC? ? OR STORE? ? OR STORAGE
                 (VIRTUAL OR EMULAT? OR SIMULAT? OR GUEST) (2W) S2
S3
         26121
                 DIFFERENCING(2W)(S2 OR FILE? ? OR FOLDER? ? OR PARTITION? ?
S4
            69
               OR AREA)
S5
                 (TEMPORARY OR TRANSIENT OR STAGING) (2W) (S2 OR FILE? ? OR F-
              OLDER? ? OR PARTITION? ?, OR AREA)
                 (SECOND? OR 2ND OR SUBORDINATE? OR CHILD OR DIFFERENT OR S-
       130286
S6
              EPARATE) (2W) (S2 OR FILE? ? OR FOLDER? ? OR PARTITION? ? OR AR-
                 (WRIT??? OR WRITTEN OR CHANG??? OR DELET???? OR ERAS???? OR
S7
       859788
               UPDAT ??? OR EDIT ??? OR MODIF ???? OR MODIFICATION? ? OR ALTER-
              ??? OR ALTERATION? ?) (10N) (S2 OR FILE? ? OR FOLDER? ? OR PART-
              ITION? ? OR AREA)
S8
                 S2(7N)(SYNC??? OR SYNCHRONIZ?????? OR SYNCHRONIS?????? OR -
              RECONCIL? OR CONFORM? OR MAP????)
S9
          7164
                 RAM() (DISK OR DRIVE? ?)
                 S3 (50N) S4
S10
S11
             5
                 RD (unique items)
S12
            19
                 (S1 OR S3) (30N) S4:S6 (30N) S7 (30N) S8
                 S9(10N)(SYNC??? OR SYNCHRONIZ?????? OR SYNCHRONIS?????? OR
S13
            31
             RECONCIL? OR CONFORM? OR MAP????)
S14
            50
                 S12:S13
S15
            37
                 RD (unique items)
S16
                 S15 NOT PY=2002:2005
```

16/3,K/1 (Item 1 from file: 275)
DIALOG(R)File 275:Gale Group Computer DB(TM)
(c) 2005 The Gale Group. All rts. reserv.

01782537 SUPPLIER NUMBER: 16626761 (USE FORMAT 7 OR 9 FOR FULL TEXT) Corel CD Creator: let there be CDs. (Software Review) (Evaluation) Karney, James

PC Magazine, v14, n5, p40(1)

March 14, 1995

DOCUMENT TYPE: Evaluation ISSN: 0888-8507 LANGUAGE: ENGLISH

RECORD TYPE: FULLTEXT

WORD COUNT: 952 LINE COUNT: 00071

...ABSTRACT: free space left on the target disk and how much hard disk space will be needed for **temporary files**. CD Creator has some significant limitations; there are no **simulation** utilities to show what the CD will look like before actual recording takes place. Users can save

...a CD-Digital Audio drive for producing digital audio CDs and large amounts of memory and hard **disk** space. The software **conforms** to the standardized ISO-9660 CD-ROM format and can be used for file copying. Cutting a...

16/3,K/2 (Item 2 from file: 275)
DIALOG(R)File 275:Gale Group Computer DB(TM)
(c) 2005 The Gale Group. All rts. reserv.

01581233 SUPPLIER NUMBER: 13085423 (USE FORMAT 7 OR 9 FOR FULL TEXT)
Utilities put the power in PBs. (PowerBook utility collections) (Product
Watch)

Waltz, Mitzi MacWEEK, v7, n1, p142(1)

Jan 4, 1993

ISSN: 0892-8118 LANGUAGE: ENGLISH RECORD TYPE: FULLTEXT; ABSTRACT WORD COUNT: 821 LINE COUNT: 00066

capability to run screen-saver modules compatible with Berkeley Systems Inc.'s After Dark; PowerSync, a data-synchronization utility; and PowerStart, a RAM disk utility. These three utilities also will be available as a combination package, tentatively titled The Power Suite...

16/3,K/3 (Item 3 from file: 275)
DIALOG(R)File 275:Gale Group Computer DB(TM)
(c) 2005 The Gale Group. All rts. reserv.

01564204 SUPPLIER NUMBER: 13085199

Norton Essentials overcome PB limitations: NEP keeps PBs charged and in sync. (Software Review) (Norton Essentials for PowerBook) (includes related summary article) (Evaluation)

Coleman, Dale

MacWEEK, v7, n1, p107(3)

Jan 4, 1993

DOCUMENT TYPE: Evaluation ISSN: 0892-8118 LANGUAGE: ENGLISH

RECORD TYPE: ABSTRACT

...ABSTRACT: folders to be synchronized as a named set that is added to a menu. A very small RAM disk can be kept synchronized to the hard disk to conserve power on a 4Mbyte PowerBook, and an 'Airport Shut Down' feature

DIALOG(R) File 275: Gale Group Computer DB(TM) (c) 2005 The Gale Group. All rts. reserv.

SUPPLIER NUMBER: 12298916 (USE FORMAT 7 OR 9 FOR FULL TEXT) New pared-down PowerBook will draw on Newton. (borrows heavily from Newton personal digital assistant technology) (Apple previews notebook computer aimed at consumer market) (Brief Article)

Ratcliffe, Mitch

MacWEEK, v6, n25, p1(2)

June 29, 1992 DOCUMENT TYPE: Brief Article ISSN: 0892-8118 LANGUAGE: ENGLISH

RECORD TYPE: FULLTEXT

WORD COUNT: 686 LINE COUNT: 00055

An application will copy files back and forth to help keep data on the mobile Mac in sync with the user's desktop machine.

> RAM disk software. Unlike the RAM disk in Apple's Memory control panel, PowerBoost's will automatically copy files...

(Item 5 from file: 275)

DIALOG(R) File 275: Gale Group Computer DB (TM) (c) 2005 The Gale Group. All rts. reserv.

SUPPLIER NUMBER: 12076722 (USE FORMAT 7 OR 9 FOR FULL TEXT) The Macintosh: the choice for graphics. (Apple Macintosh Quadra 700)

(Hardware Review) (one of four evaluations of microcomputers in

'Platforms: How the PC Stacks Up') (cover story ) (Evaluation)

Zilber, Jon

PC Magazine, v11, n9, p127(3)

May 12, 1992

DOCUMENT TYPE: Evaluation ISSN: 0888-8507 LANGUAGE: ENGLISH

RECORD TYPE: FULLTEXT; ABSTRACT

WORD COUNT: 2079 LINE COUNT: 00163

 $\dots$  copy of that file. Aliasing lets you have multiple references to the same document or application in  ${\tt different}$  folders , or even on different machines. It takes no additional storage space and frees you from having to reconcile changes made to multiple copies of a document. For PC connectivity, Macs ship with a standard floppy disk...

...a Mac-like on-screen representation of files on DOS hard disks. In addition, third-party DOS emulators are available; hardware solutions include Orange Micro's Orange-386 MS-DOS coprocessor, and software solutions include...

(Item 6 from file: 275) 16/3,K/6

DIALOG(R) File 275: Gale Group Computer DB(TM)

(c) 2005 The Gale Group. All rts. reserv.

SUPPLIER NUMBER: 11978275 (USE FORMAT 7 OR 9 FOR FULL TEXT) Solving problems: taming RAM disks on networks, database reports, and memo-field spell checking. (Set Expert On) (Column)

Olympia, P.L.

DBMS, v5, n3, p86(2)

March, 1992

DOCUMENT TYPE: Column ISSN: 1041-5173 LANGUAGE: ENGLISH

RECORD TYPE: FULLTEXT; ABSTRACT

WORD COUNT: 1797 LINE COUNT: 00134

RAM disk is drive G. The installation's network standard, unfortunately, calls for drive G to be mapped to the network email software directory. Thus, I "lose" the RAM disk as soon as I log into the network.

The solution to these problems comes in the form...

16/3,K/7 (Item 7 from file: 275)
DIALOG(R)File 275:Gale Group Computer DB(TM)
(c) 2005 The Gale Group. All rts. reserv.

01493947 SUPPLIER NUMBER: 11716344 (USE FORMAT 7 OR 9 FOR FULL TEXT) Capital Equipment Corp.: Capital OS/RAM 32, Capital OS/RAM 32 Plus. (Hardware Review) (one of 9 evaluations of memory boards in 'MCA Memory

Boards: Expansion Without Delay') (Evaluation)

Rosch, Winn L.

PC Magazine, v11, n2, p229(2)

Jan 28, 1992

DOCUMENT TYPE: Evaluation ISSN: 0888-8507 LANGUAGE: ENGLISH

RECORD TYPE: FULLTEXT; ABSTRACT

WORD COUNT: 750 LINE COUNT: 00055

... RAM cache.

Included with the setup program are EMS and XMS driver software, diagnostics, and utilities (the RAM disk and a memory and I/O mapping program). The boards are protected by a two-year warranty in an arena where many of the...

16/3,K/8 (Item 8 from file: 275)
DIALOG(R)File 275:Gale Group Computer DB(TM)
(c) 2005 The Gale Group. All rts. reserv.

01456419 SUPPLIER NUMBER: 11452302 (USE FORMAT 7 OR 9 FOR FULL TEXT) QuickSCSI picks up a little speed for the Mac; PLI's NuBus card is latest contender. (includes a related article summarizing the review) (Hardware Review) (evaluation)

Magorian, Dan

MacWEEK, v5, n37, p37(2)

Oct 29, 1991

DOCUMENT TYPE: evaluation ISSN: 0892-8118 LANGUAGE: ENGLISH

RECORD TYPE: FULLTEXT; ABSTRACT

WORD COUNT: 1254 LINE COUNT: 00097

 $\dots$  programs have essentially the same functionality as PLI's TurboDrive formatter.

The manager is used most to **change** the start-up device or force-mount **drives** that don't show up on the desktop. It also has the interface to QuickSCSI's **second** main feature: **drive** mirroring.

This lets you automatically write all data to a second drive at almost the same time as the first, providing a continuous backup. We tried this and it...

...beyond backup by providing automatic error recovery, and at least tries to handle problems gracefully. If you **simulate** a crash by turning off QuickSCSI's primary mirrored disk in midoperation, the Mac crashes and the two **disks** have to be re- **synced** by turning off mirroring and cloning one from the other, a tedious operation that could take a...

...system is unusable). This is not discussed in the bare-bones documentation.

Considering the cost of the **second disk** and the infrequency of crashes, most sites probably will use one of the popular new digital audio

16/3,K/9 (Item 9 from file: 275)
DIALOG(R)File 275:Gale Group Computer DB(TM)
(c) 2005 The Gale Group. All rts. reserv.

01452768 SUPPLIER NUMBER: 11080351 (USE FORMAT 7 OR 9 FOR FULL TEXT) Fresh Technology releases MAP Assist version 3.0. (Fresh Technology Co.'s network software) (product announcement)

LAN Computing, v2, n14, p27(1)

August, 1991

DOCUMENT TYPE: product announcement ISSN: 1055-1808 LANGUAGE:

ENGLISH RECORD TYPE: FULLTEXT WORD COUNT: 141 LINE COUNT: 00011

... applications, copy files, and edit data on other workstations' local drives. Hard drives, CDROMs, WORMs, floppy and RAM drives all carbe shared among MAP Assist users.

With  $\overline{\text{MAP}}$  Assist, prices at \$349, users can back up another workstation's local drives without having to move. .

16/3,K/10 (Item 10 from file: 275)
DIALOG(R)File 275:Gale Group Computer DB(TM)
(c) 2005 The Gale Group. All rts. reserv.

01436466 SUPPLIER NUMBER: 10897126 (USE FORMAT 7 OR 9 FOR FULL TEXT)
Micro Palm announces the PC/3000. (Micro Palm Computers Inc.'s hand-held
computer) (product announcement)

Computing Canada, v17, n12, p55(1)

June 6, 1991

DOCUMENT TYPE: product announcement ISSN: 0319-0161 LANGUAGE:

ENGLISH RECORD TYPE: FULLTEXT WORD COUNT: 247 LINE COUNT: 00019

... PC/3000 has 512K RAM standard and is expandable to a total of eight MB. Users can map the available memory to system or RAM disk to provide the optimum operating environment for their application. All memory is non-volatile (supported by a...

16/3,K/11 (Item 11 from file: 275)
DIALOG(R)File 275:Gale Group Computer DB(TM)
(c) 2005 The Gale Group. All rts. reserv.

01417764 SUPPLIER NUMBER: 09380026 (USE FORMAT 7 OR 9 FOR FULL TEXT)
Opening up your Windows: WinSleuth 1.0. (Software Review) (Microsoft
Windows-environment diagnostic software from Dariana Technology Group
Inc.) (evaluation)

Brenesal, Barry

PC Sources, v2, n2, p351(1)

Feb, 1991

DOCUMENT TYPE: evaluation ISSN: 1052-6579 LANGUAGE: ENGLISH

RECORD TYPE: FULLTEXT; ABSTRACT

WORD COUNT: 829 LINE COUNT: 00067

 $\dots$  drive mapping, and that it should be fixed by the time this review appears.

The poor drive mapping resulted in yet another problem. Although I had added the RAM drive to my CONFIG.SYS file, I had not allocated any memory to it (not loading any memory...

16/3,K/12 (Item 12 from file: 275)
DIALOG(R)File 275:Gale Group Computer DB(TM)
(c) 2005 The Gale Group. All rts. reserv.

01378813 SUPPLIER NUMBER: 09573067 (USE FORMAT 7 OR 9 FOR FULL TEXT) DDE holds promise, but has a way to go. (Dynamic Data Exchange) PC Week, v7, n44, p123(4)

Nov 5, 1990

ISSN: 0740-1604 LANGUAGE: ENGLISH RECORD TYPE: FULLTEXT; ABSTRACT

WORD COUNT: 2664 LINE COUNT: 00207

a character limit somewhere between 9,500 and 10,100 in the configuration tested.

There are also file -management problems that have to be addressed. Routine changes such as moving source files to different directories or changing source file names means losing the DDE link. The only way to maintain the link is to update the...

...field code to reflect the change -- not exactly a transparent process. And in a network environment, where **drives** are **mapped** to **different** virtual drive letters, link management can quickly become a nightmare. It is difficult to imagine a resolution to this...

..any file information-management facilities. Any future progress will likely depend on a linked DDE database or file manager that can track all changes and make the appropriate updates .

Finally, these tests, running on a relatively fast system, found DDE to be a slow and tedious...

(Item 13 from file: 275) 16/3, K/13DIALOG(R) File 275: Gale Group Computer DB (TM) (c) 2005 The Gale Group. All rts. reserv.

SUPPLIER NUMBER: 08648546 (USE FORMAT 7 OR 9 FOR FULL TEXT) 01364145 Micro channel memory boards. (buyers guide)

Brazeau, Robin A.

PC Week, v7, n28, p92(1)

July 16, 1990

DOCUMENT TYPE: buyers quide ISSN: 0740-1604 LANGUAGE: ENGLISH

RECORD TYPE: FULLTEXT

LINE COUNT: 00160 WORD COUNT: 1891

Size of memory chips; d,s: 256K bytes or 1M byte; SIMMs. System utilities: software, print spooler, RAM disk , diagnostics, PCMAP (memory and I/O mapping utility).

Price; warranty: \$299; 2 years.

----#----

Vendor: Capital Equipment Corp...

Product: OS/RAM4, OS/RAM8.

Shipping date ...

...chips: 100 ns.

Size of memory chips; d,s: 1M byte; SIMMs.

System utilities: software, print spooler, RAM disk , diagnostics, PCMAP (memory and I/O mapping utility).

Price; warranty: \$225 (RAM4), \$375 (RAM8); 2 years.

Vendor: Computer Elektronik Infosys of America Inc... Product . . .

16/3, K/14(Item 14 from file: 275) DIALOG(R) File 275: Gale Group Computer DB(TM) (c) 2005 The Gale Group. All rts. reserv.

SUPPLIER NUMBER: 07918810 (USE FORMAT 7 OR 9 FOR FULL TEXT) 01315469 Micro Channel memory boards. (memory and multifunction board product table) (buyers guide)

Brazeau, Robin

PC Week, v6, n47, p95(1)

Nov 27, 1989

Price: \$320. ----#----Vendor: Tecmar.

Product: MicroRAM 386.

Type of board: expanded/extended with...

...512K; 10, 16, 20 or 25MHz.

Board specifications: full-sized; 1 slot.

System utilities: software, print spooler, RAM disk, diagnostics.

Features: 1 memory- mapping register set; network compatible;

switchless configuration.

Price: \$390. ----#----...

(Item 15 from file: 275) DIALOG(R) File 275: Gale Group Computer DB(TM) (c) 2005 The Gale Group. All rts. reserv.

SUPPLIER NUMBER: 07736638 (USE FORMAT 7 OR 9 FOR FULL TEXT) 01311327 IBM's ECF route to the host. (Enhanced Connectivity Facility)

Moran, Pat

Tech PC User, v1, n9, p38(6)

May, 1989

ISSN: 0954-6995 LANGUAGE: ENGLISH RECORD TYPE: FULLTEXT; ABSTRACT

WORD COUNT: 5051 LINE COUNT: 00378

For example, the ECF command VDISK START D: HF (FORMS) A(W)

will map the PC-DOS drive D: to the host file called FORMS and requests write access to the file so that the virtual disk can be changed. On completion of this command, all references to drive D: are mapped to the DOS disk held in the host file called FORMS.

The main advantages that virtual disks offer are the ability for many users to share access to a disk, so a read-only...

... supply a library of standard letters or forms for use by secretaries. The other advantage is that lvirtual disks can be backed up using the host's standard backup without relying on or requiring any action by the PC user.

Virtual

Files

Virtual files differ from virtual disks in that each PC virtual file is mapped to a separate host file, which is stored in host disks in that each PC virtual file format and only appears to the PC application as if it were in PC...

16/3,K/16 (Item 16 from file: 275) DIALOG(R) File 275: Gale Group Computer DB(TM) (c) 2005 The Gale Group. All rts. reserv.

01293104 SUPPLIER NUMBER: 07234292 (USE FORMAT 7 OR 9 FOR FULL TEXT) EMS boards for AT bus machines. (memory and multifunction boards product table) (buyers guide)

Papa, Doreen M.

PC Week, v6, n17, p108(1)

May 1, 1989

ISSN: 0740-1604 LANGUAGE: ENGLISH DOCUMENT TYPE: buyers guide

RECORD TYPE: FULLTEXT

WORD COUNT: LINE COUNT: 00210 2083

and 1 parallel port; 1 slot.

System compatibility: OS/2, Unix, Xenix, NetWare. System utilities: print spooler; RAM disk .

Additional features: 32 mapping register sets; back-filing

```
...sized; 1 slot.
      System compatibility: PCMOS, Concurrent DOS, OS/2, Unix, Xenix,
NetWare.
      System utilities: print spooler; RAM
                                              disk ; diagnostics.
      Additional features: zero-wait station supported; 1 mapping
register set; allows upgrading in 1M-byte increments; back-filing
      Price; warranty: $725 (2M bytes).
      ----#----
      Vendor...
...sized; 1 slot.
      System compatibility: PCMOS, Concurrent DOS, OS/2, Unix, Xenix,
NetWare.
      System utilities: print spooler; RAM
                                              disk ; diagnostics.
      Additional features: zero-wait station supported; 1 mapping
register set; back-filing capability, software driver and utilities are
compatible with the Intel Above Board.
      Price ...
...and 1 parallel port; 1 slot.
      System compatibility: OS/2, Unix, Xenix, NetWare.
      System utilities: print spooler; RAM disk; diagnostics.
      Additional features: zero-wait station supported; 1 mapping
register set; back-filing capability; switchless, jumpless set-up;
installation program included.
      Price; warranty: $399 (OK bytes...
...10/12MHz.
      Board Specifications: full sized; 1 slot.
      System compatibility: OS/2, Unix, Xenix, NetWare.
      System utilities: RAM
                              disk ; diagnostics.
      Additional features: zero-wait station supported; 2048 mapping
register sets; back-filing capability; autoROM option for auto-installation
under protected mode operating systems.
      Price; warranty...
...16/20MHz.
      Board Specifications: full sized; 1 slot.
      System compatibility: OS/2, Unix, Xenix, NetWare.
      System utilities: RAM
                             disk ; diagnostics.
      Additional features: zero-wait station supported; 2048 mapping
register sets; back-filing capability; autoROM option for auto-installation
under protected mode operating systems; AutoSLOT feature...
...Board Specifications: full sized; 1 slot.
      System compatibility: OS/2, Unix, Xenix, NetWare.
      System utilities: print spooler; RAM disk .
      Additional features: zero-wait station supported; 2 mapping
register sets; back-filing capability; utility to display EMS
configuration.
      Price; warranty: $99.
      - - - - - # - - - -
      Vendor: STB Systems Inc...
 16/3, K/17
               (Item 17 from file: 275)
DIALOG(R) File 275: Gale Group Computer DB(TM)
(c) 2005 The Gale Group. All rts. reserv.
01289560
             SUPPLIER NUMBER: 07126822
                                          (USE FORMAT 7 OR 9 FOR FULL TEXT)
Drawing out DESQview power. (Quarterback Office Systems' DESQview
  application program interface)
```

Hitt, Frederick J.

PC Tech Journal, v7, n4, p46(12)

April, 1989 ISSN: 0738-0194 LANGUAGE: ENGLISH RECORD TYPE: FULLTEXT; ABSTRACT

8352 LINE COUNT: 00676 WORD COUNT:

code from conventional to expanded memory through the page frame offers no advantage over swapping to a RAM disk in expanded or extended

Whether mapping processes into disjointed EMS blocks or stacking them in physical DOS memory, DESQview ensures that no process...

(Item 18 from file: 275) 16/3, K/18DIALOG(R) File 275: Gale Group Computer DB(TM) (c) 2005 The Gale Group. All rts. reserv.

SUPPLIER NUMBER: 06692043 (USE FORMAT 7 OR 9 FOR FULL TEXT) Intel Corporation. (Hardware Review) (one of three PC accelerator board evaluations in 'The souped-up PC') (evaluation)

Hoffman, Thomas V.

PC Tech Journal, v6, n6, p117(2)

June, 1988

DOCUMENT TYPE: evaluation ISSN: 0738-0194 LANGUAGE: ENGLISH

RECORD TYPE: FULLTEXT; ABSTRACT

WORD COUNT: 608 LINE COUNT: 00047

... ABSTRACT: 386-PC runs in real mode at full speed by default, but cannot access extended memory or map the ROMs into 32-bit RAM . Disk caching software is bundled with the Inboard 386-PC, which exhibited no compatibility problems.

16/3,K/19 (Item 19 from file: 275) DIALOG(R) File 275: Gale Group Computer DB(TM) (c) 2005 The Gale Group. All rts. reserv.

01152698 SUPPLIER NUMBER: 00594865 (USE FORMAT 7 OR 9 FOR FULL TEXT) Orchid PCnet.

Webster, R.; Rosch, W.L. PC Magazine, v4, n3, p229

Feb. 5, 1985

DOCUMENT TYPE: evaluaton ISSN: 0888-8507 LANGUAGE: ENGLISH

RECORD TYPE: FULLTEXT; ABSTRACT

WORD COUNT: 3169 LINE COUNT: 00241

is to be. You have three practical choices: public read-only, public read-write, and private read- write . (Although you can have a private read-only volume , that choice is not useful.)

After the various volumes are created, they must be assigned to the workstations that are to use them, a process called " mapping ." To the individual user PC, each volume appears as a separate disk drive with its own, DOS-assigned drive letter. These driver letters are then mapped to correspond to specific volumes on the server PC, using a program called UPCINST. Orchid and Application

PCnet allows individual workstations to...

.. most part, running these programs on the network is easy--you need only load them from the virtual disk corresponding to the public volume of the server on which they are located. Save for the absence...

16/3, K/20(Item 20 from file: 275) DIALOG(R) File 275: Gale Group Computer DB(TM) (c) 2005 The Gale Group. All rts. reserv.

01117904 SUPPLIER NUMBER: 00610307

Review of 'ThunderScan'.

Storrie-Lombardi, L.; Storrie-Lombardi, M.

Call-A.P.P.L.E., v8, n4, p29-30

April, 1985

DOCUMENT TYPE: evaluaton ISSN: 8755-4909 LANGUAGE: ENGLISH

RECORD TYPE: ABSTRACT

...ABSTRACT: limited print quality and slow speed. These limitations might be overcome with a 512K Mac and a RAM disk and-or hard disk. ThunderScan conforms very well to the Macintosh conventions. It costs \$229.00.

16/3,K/21 (Item 1 from file: 621)
DIALOG(R)File 621:Gale Group New Prod.Annou.(R)
(c) 2005 The Gale Group. All rts. reserv.

01164289 Supplier Number: 42107603 (USE FORMAT 7 FOR FULLTEXT) SDC INTRODUCES Series 400 CACHING CONTROLLERS

News Release, pl

May 29, 1991

Language: English Record Type: Fulltext

Document Type: Magazine/Journal; Trade

Word Count: 1208

operating systems. For example, UNIX and Xenix enable SCSI-model users to configure systems in which the second hard drive exceeds 504MB -- as long as the first drive conforms to WD-1003 emulation requirements. Optional drivers, available mid-year, will allow up to seven SCSI devices of 1.8GB each...

...and 4.0, QNX, PICK and OS/2.

In addition, the Series 400 features as an option **disk** mirroring, which **writes** data concurrently to two paired **drives**. This creates a

fault-tolerant, parallel-storage system that protects against critical data loss should one drive...

16/3,K/22 (Item 2 from file: 621)
DIALOG(R)File 621:Gale Group New Prod.Annou.(R)
(c) 2005 The Gale Group. All rts. reserv.

01158893 Supplier Number: 41965756 (USE FORMAT 7 FOR FULLTEXT) Full PC Compatibility in the Palm of your hand! The New Micro Palm PC/3000 News Release, p1 April, 1991

Language: English Record Type: Fulltext Document Type: Magazine/Journal; Trade

Word Count: 470

The PC/3000 has 512KB RAM standard and is expandable to a total of 8MB. Users can map the available memory to system or RAM disk to rovide the optimum operatin environment for their application. All memory is non-volatile (supported by a...

16/3,K/23 (Item 3 from file: 621)
DIALOG(R)File 621:Gale Group New Prod.Annou.(R)
(c) 2005 The Gale Group. All rts. reserv.

01023323 Supplier Number: 39713897 (USE FORMAT 7 FOR FULLTEXT)

#### MAXITRON NEW PRODUCT INTRODUCTIONS AT THE APRIL IPC CONFERENCE

PR Newswire, pN/A March 12, 1986

Language: English Record Type: Fulltext

Document Type: Newswire; Trade

Word Count: 1026

.. System, OASIS open

architecture product family, a new MAP module compatible with the MAP 2.1 specification ( MAP -001), a Data PC (DPC 67-20), a RAM disk memory

expansion module (MSM-256), an IBM compatible workstation (T 1607), enhanced IBM compatible programming software, and...

16/3,K/24 (Item 4 from file: 621)

DIALOG(R) File 621: Gale Group New Prod. Annou. (R)

(c) 2005 The Gale Group. All rts. reserv.

01011232 Supplier Number: 39603511 (USE FORMAT 7 FOR FULLTEXT)

TWO DISK SUB-SYSTEMS INTRODUCED BY MDB

PR Newswire, pN/A

Oct, 1985

Language: English Record Type: Fulltext

Document Type: Newswire; Trade

Word Count: 288

... of 188 MBytes. The MLSI-RM11 controller manufactured by MDB, and supplied with the sub-system allows **emulation** of two logical

RM03 drives, thereby providing 134 MBytes total of disk storage space. The drive has...

...second unit utilizes the Fujitsu M2333K drive that has a data transfer rate of 2.1 Megabits/ **second** . Unformatted **storage** capacity

of 337 MBytes is **mapped** to 256 MBytes by use of RM05 **emulation** The

MLSI DK11-RM high speed SMD controller provides hardware and software ECC with vertical or horizontal...

... The DK11

controller also has the provision for direct mapping, in the event the user wishes to write his own driver and utilize greater disk storage

capacity. The DK11 disk controller has all parameters of the controller and disk drive established and/or changed under software

via the operators console. This unit, designated the MLSI-2333, has a list price of...

16/3,K/25 (Item 5 from file: 621)

DIALOG(R) File 621: Gale Group New Prod. Annou. (R)

(c) 2005 The Gale Group. All rts. reserv.

01003507 Supplier Number: 39527713 (USE FORMAT 7 FOR FULLTEXT) 15MHz UNIBUS SMD CONTROLLERS INTRODUCED BY MDB SYSTEMS, INC

PR Newswire, pN/A

May 17, 1985

Language: English Record Type: Fulltext

Document Type: Newswire; Trade

Word Count: 561

used, thereby retaining software compatibility with DEC systems.

The MDB-DK11-RM provides RM80, RM02, or RM05  $\,$  emulation modes, and the

MDB-DK11-RP provides RP08 emulation, making them transparent to most DEC operating systems...

...and/or emulations.

A key leature of the controllers' capabilities is the method used for drive address mapping. An on-board Disk Address Translator (DAT) provides the method to allow attachment of different configuration SMD disk drives to the controller, without requiring modification

system software drivers or the main controller firmware. The DAT uses a drive attribute pROM and...

...address as supplied by the

RM02/RM05 or Rp08 software drivers to addresses compatible with the attached **drive**. Either horizontal or vertical **mapping** may be selected when **mapping** two logicals per physical **drive**.

An extended direct disk mapping mode is available for users who wish

to use large  $\ensuremath{\text{storage}}$  capacity  $\ensuremath{\text{drives}}$  (gigabyte capacities) and write

their own drivers. This mode allows direct mapping onto the  ${f disk}$  where there is a one to one correspondence with cylinder, head, and sector addresses for the software...

16/3,K/26 (Item 1 from file: 636)
DIALOG(R)File 636:Gale Group Newsletter DB(TM)
(c) 2005 The Gale Group. All rts. reserv.

03694348 Supplier Number: 47969818 (USE FORMAT 7 FOR FULLTEXT) Dataquest: DVD+RW: Sony, Philips, and HP finally make the official announcement

M2 Presswire, pN/A

Sept 10, 1997

Language: English Record Type: Fulltext

Document Type: Newswire; Trade

Word Count: 937

... Hitachi Ltd. and Matsushita Electric Industrial Co.(MEI) separately announced plans on April 23 to launch DVD- RAM drives , which conform to that format. Hitachi received much of the credit for facilitating the fusion of the two different...

16/3,K/27 (Item 1 from file: 16)
DIALOG(R)File 16:Gale Group PROMT(R)
(c) 2005 The Gale Group. All rts. reserv.

07761941 Supplier Number: 64905969 (USE FORMAT 7 FOR FULLTEXT) TOSHIBA STARTS MASS PRODUCTION OF 16X-SPEED DVD-ROM DRIVE.

AsiaPulse News, p0271

July 19, 2000

Language: English Record Type: Fulltext

Document Type: Newswire; Trade

Word Count: 459

... in the DVD field with a constant stream of innovative DVD-Video players, DVD-ROM drives DVD- RAM drives, all in full conformity with DVD-format standards. The addition of the new, high-performance, SD-M1502 DVD-ROM drive to...

16/3,K/28 (Item 2 from file: 16)

DIALOG(R) File 16:Gale Group PROMT(R)
(c) 2005 The Gale Group. All rts. reserv.

05318707 Supplier Number: 48096435 (USE FORMAT 7 FOR FULLTEXT) First Serving Of Fibre Channel Doesn't Satisfy Storage Performance Appetite Harvey, David A.

Network Computing, p134

Nov 1, 1997

Language: English Record Type: Fulltext

Document Type: Magazine/Journal; Trade

Word Count: 2649

... the hardware RAID's software.

During this process, we discovered an interesting quirk. While hardware RAID controllers map an entire array as a single physical drive, NT 4.0 maps each physical drive member of an array as a separate drive. This isn't a problem for the vast majority of applications, which read and write to virtual drives, but beware if you use software that requires access to the physical device itself.

To measure the...

16/3,K/29 (Item 3 from file: 16)
DIALOG(R)File 16:Gale Group PROMT(R)
(c) 2005 The Gale Group. All rts. reserv.

01749982 Supplier Number: 42192817 (USE FORMAT 7 FOR FULLTEXT)

FRESH TECHNOLOGY

Computer Reseller News, pc12

July 1, 1991

Language: English Record Type: Fulltext

Document Type: Magazine/Journal; Trade

Word Count: 763

Run applications, copy files and edit data on another workstation's drives; hard drives, CD-ROMS, WORMS, RAM drives or other local drives can all be shared among MAP Assist users; security controls to let users decide which drives they wish to share. Benefits: Transfer data...

16/3,K/30 (Item 1 from file: 15)
DIALOG(R)File 15:ABI/Inform(R)
(c) 2005 ProQuest Info&Learning. All rts. reserv.

02062687 59694025

Where will the intelligence reside in Storage Area Networks?

Smith, Kevin

Computer Technology Review PP: 21-26 Second Quarter 2000

ISSN: 0278-9647 JRNL CODE: CTN

WORD COUNT: 1772

...TEXT: data nearly instantaneously. One approach uses a temporary storage area to save the "before state" of on- disk data. Prior to servicing write I/Os, the controller copies the "before-state" of disk blocks to a temporary storage area. A data structure directs read-only applications such as backup to the online volume for blocks that have not been updated since the virtual copy was created and to the temporary storage area for blocks that have been updated. Controller-based virtual volume technology eliminates server overhead, dramatically reduces channel and disk utilization, and is server independent.

Shared Access And...

...nodes require simultaneous access to the same stored files.

Shared data clusters use a lock manager to synchronize file access. Nodes

acquire locks on <code>disk</code> blocks before accessing them. As the number of cluster nodes increase, so do the lock-- related messages...

16/3,K/31 (Item 2 from file: 15)
DIALOG(R)File 15:ABI/Inform(R)
(c) 2005 ProQuest Info&Learning. All rts. reserv.

01494263 01-45251 Virtual organization Mowshowitz, Abbe Communications of the ACM v40n9 PP: 30-31+ Sep 1997 ISSN: 0001-0782 JRNL CODE: ACM WORD COUNT: 4733

...TEXT: in a multitasking or timesharing computer system. The function can be characterized as the satisfaction of dynamically changing requirements for storage in the machine's primary memory. The requirements are satisfied by switching information between primary and secondary memory. Such switching is based on a conceptual distinction between virtual storage and the primary physical storage of the machine, where the former refers to the storage needed by the programs sent to the operating system for execution. Secondary storage serves as a physical approximation of unlimited virtual storage.

Demand for storage corresponds to the model's abstract requirements, while the physical storage designates concrete satisfiers. Virtual memory works by dynamically mapping virtual storage, or requirements, to primary storage cells, or satisfiers. In performing this function, the operating system acts as metamanagement. Assignments of physical cells...

16/3,K/32 (Item 3 from file: 15)
DIALOG(R)File 15:ABI/Inform(R)
(c) 2005 ProQuest Info&Learning. All rts. reserv.

00879954 95-29346

PowerBooks: The next generation

Lu, Cary

Macworld v11n7 PP: 96-103 Jul 1994

ISSN: 0741-8647 JRNL CODE: MAW

WORD COUNT: 3619

- $\dots$  TEXT: converts between many common file formats in the DOS/Windows world.
- \* PowerBook File Assistant, which includes file **synchronization** and a persistent **RAM disk**.
- \* Control Strip, a new control panel with power-management features (see "Take Control").
- \* Calendar, a basic calendar...

16/3,K/33 (Item 4 from file: 15)
DIALOG(R)File 15:ABI/Inform(R)
(c) 2005 ProQuest Info&Learning. All rts. reserv.

00848077 94-97469 Making memory go further Anonymous

Macworld v11n5 PP: 162 May 1994 ISSN: 0741-8647 JRNL CODE: MAW

WORD COUNT: 609

...TEXT: files, so it needs to copy only changed files, which is much faster than copying the entire RAM disk. Synchronizing also makes it easy to back up while you work, either automatically at preset intervals or manually...

16/3,K/34 (Item 5 from file: 15)
DIALOG(R)File 15:ABI/Inform(R)
(c) 2005 ProQuest Info&Learning. All rts. reserv.

00794504 94-43896

Benchmarking - Part 5

Anonymous

Capacity Management Review v2ln11 PP: 5-6 Nov 1993

ISSN: 0091-7206 JRNL CODE: PPR

WORD COUNT: 1172

 $\dots$  TEXT: each "user" level are stored for analysis. The tests fall into four groups:

- \* Tests 1-5 are **simulated** mixes which are intended to approximate different user profiles, including office automation, data base workload, software development...
- ...techniques.
- \* Tests 12-17 perform system calls, function calls, various types of math, context switches, reads and writes to pipes, etc.
- \* Tests 18-30 are focused on disk I/O. There are several different forms of disk I/O tested including raw and UNIX file systems, short and long records, random and sequential access, plus some specialized tests for disk cache and "syncing " the disk.

The report produced for the benchmark results devotes one page to each of the 30 tests, comparing...

16/3,K/35 (Item 1 from file: 647)
DIALOG(R)File 647:CMP Computer Fulltext
(c) 2005 CMP Media, LLC. All rts. reserv.

01144076 CMP ACCESSION NUMBER: NWC19971101S0028
First Serving Of Fibre Channel Doesn't Satisfy Storage Performance
Appetite

David A. Harvey
NETWORK COMPUTING, 1997, n 820, PG134
PUBLICATION DATE: 971101
JOURNAL CODE: NWC LANGUAGE: English
RECORD TYPE: Fulltext
SECTION HEADING: Reviews
WORD COUNT: 2646

... the hardware RAID's software.

During this process, we discovered an interesting quirk. While hardware RAID controllers map an entire array as a single physical drive, NT 4.0 maps each physical drive member of an array as a separate drive. This isn't a problem for the vast majority of applications, which read and write to virtual drives, but beware if you use software that requires access to the physical device itself.

To measure the...

(Item 1 from file: 674) 16/3,K/36 DIALOG(R) File 674: Computer News Fulltext (c) 2005 IDG Communications. All rts. reserv.

034985

new products, 2, desktop computing

Journal: Computerworld Page Number: 41

Publication Date: January 17, 1994 Line Count: 87 Word Count: 858

Text:

... file access and extend PowerBook battery life by making better use of Apple Computer, Inc.'s supplied RAM disk.

Features include file synchronization, which automatically keeps copies of files on a hard disk and RAM disk, and RAM disk preservation...



# PALM INTRANET

Day: Wednesday

Date: 6/8/2005 Time: 11:13:26

## **Inventor Name Search Result**

Your Search was:

Last Name = TRAUT First Name = ERIC

Application#	Patent#	Status	Date Filed	Title	Inventor Name 39
60508747	Not Issued	=		SYSTEMS AND METHODS FOR IMPROVING THE X86 ARCHITECTURE FOR PROCESSOR VIRTUALIZATION, AND SOFTWARE SYSTEMS AND METHODS FOR UTILIZING THE IMPROVEMENTS	
60282111	Not Issued	159	04/07/2001	METHOD FOR ESTABLISHING A DRIVE IMAGE IN A COMPUTING ENVIRONMENT	TRAUT, ERIC P.
11119200	Not Issued	020	04/29/2005	SYSTEMS AND METHODS FOR HYPERVISOR DISCOVERY AND UTILIZATION	TRAUT, ERIC P.
11112273	Not Issued	020	04/21/2005	METHOD AND SYSTEM FOR A RESOURCE NEGOTIATION BETWEEN VIRTUAL MACHINES	TRAUT, ERIC P.
11112234	Not Issued	020	04/21/2005	METHOD AND SYSTEM FOR VIRTUAL SERVICE ISOLATION	TRAUT, ERIC P.
11089951	Not Issued	019	03/25/2005	MECHANISM TO STORE INFORMATION DESCRIBING A VIRTUAL MACHINE IN A VIRTUAL DISK IMAGE	TRAUT, ERIC P.
11078141	Not Issued	020	03/11/2005	SYSTEMS AND METHODS FOR MULTI-LEVEL INTERCEPT PROCESSING IN A VIRTUAL MACHINE ENVIRONMENT	TRAUT, ERIC P.
11075219	Not Issued	020	03/08/2005	METHOD AND SYSTEM FOR A GUEST PHYSICAL ADDRESS VIRTUALIZATION IN A VIRTUAL MACHINE ENVIRONMENT	TRAUT, ERIC

11031158	Not Issued	020	01/07/2005	IMAGE SERVER	TRAUT, ERIC
11031133	Not Issued	020	01/07/2005	IMAGE SERVER	TRAUT, ERIC
11018337	Not Issued	020	12/21/2004	SYSTEMS AND METHODS FOR EXPOSING PROCESSOR TOPOLOGY FOR VIRTUAL MACHINES	TRAUT, ERIC P.
10971948	Not Issued	020	10/22/2004	SYSTEM AND METHOD FOR THE LOGICAL SUBSTITUTION OF PROCESSOR CONTROL IN AN EMULATED COMPUTING ENVIRONMENT	TRAUT, ERIC P.
10971345	Not Issued	020	10/22/2004	SYSTEM AND METHOD FOR THE LOGICAL SUBSTITUTION OF PROCESSOR CONTROL IN AN EMULATED COMPUTING ENVIRONMENT	TRAUT, ERIC P.
10966261	Not Issued	020	10/15/2004	SYSTEMS AND METHODS FOR AUTHORING AND ACCESSING COMPUTER-BASED MATERIALS USING VIRTUAL MACHINES	
10966021	Not Issued	020	10/15/2004	SYSTEMS AND METHODS FOR A DISASTER RECOVERY SYSTEM UTILIZING VIRTUAL MACHINES RUNNING ON AT LEAST TWO HOST COMPUTERS IN PHYSICALLY DIFFERENT LOCATIONS	TRAUT, ERIC P.
10883620	Not Issued	020	06/30/2004	SYSTEMS AND METHODS FOR DEVELOPMENT OF EMULATED DEVICES IN A VIRTUAL MACHINE ENVIRONMENT	TRAUT, ERIC P.
<u>10883496</u>	Not Issued	030	06/30/2004	SYSTEMS AND METHODS FOR RUNNING A LEGACY 32-BIT X86 VIRTUAL MACHINE ON A 64-BIT X86 PROCESSOR	TRAUT, ERIC P.
10882979	Not Issued	020	06/30/2004	SYSTEMS AND METHODS FOR IMPLEMENTING AN OPERATING SYSTEM IN A VIRTUAL MACHINE ENVIRONMENT	TRAUT, ERIC P.
10882972	Not Issued	020		SYSTEMS AND METHODS FOR VOLUNTARY MIGRATION OF A VIRTUAL MACHINE	TRAUT, ERIC P.

				BETWEEN HOSTS WITH COMMON STORAGE CONNECTIVITY	
10882967	Not Issued	020	06/30/2004	SYSTEMS AND METHODS FOR INITIALIZING MULTIPLE VIRTUAL PROCESSORS WITHIN A SINGLE VIRTUAL MACHINE	TRAUT, ERIC P.
10882891	Not Issued	030	06/30/2004	SYSTEMS AND METHODS FOR INSTRUCTION SEQUENCE COMPOUNDING IN A VIRTUAL MACHINE ENVIRONMENT	TRAUT, ERIC P.
10857702	Not Issued	030	05/28/2004	SYSTEMS AND METHODS FOR IMPROVING THE X86 ARCHITECTURE FOR PROCESSOR VIRTUALIZATION, AND SOFTWARE SYSTEMS AND METHODS FOR UTILIZING THE IMPROVEMENTS	TRAUT, ERIC P.
10794898	Not Issued	030	03/05/2004	SYSTEMS AND METHODS FOR DATA ENCRYPTION USING PLUGINS WITHIN VIRTUAL SYSTEMS AND SUBSYSTEMS	TRAUT, ERIC P.
10734450	Not Issued	020	12/12/2003	SYSTEMS AND METHODS FOR BIMODAL DEVICE VIRTUALIZATION OF ACTUAL AND IDEALIZED HARDWARE-BASED DEVICES	TRAUT, ERIC
10685051	Not Issued	030	10/14/2003	SYSTEMS AND METHODS FOR USING SYNTHETIC INSTRUCTIONS IN A VIRTUAL MACHINE	TRAUT, ERIC
10274298	Not Issued	030	10/18/2002	SOFTWARE LICENSE ENFORCEMENT MECHANISM FOR AN EMULATED COMPUTING ENVIRONMENT	TRAUT, ERIC P.
10211148	Not Issued	030	08/02/2002	METHOD FOR MONITORING AND EMULATING PRIVILEGED INSTRUCTIONS OF PROGRAMS IN A VIRTUAL MACHINE	TRAUT, ERIC P.
10193531	Not Issued	030		METHOD FOR FORKING OR MIGRATING A VIRTUAL MACHINE	TRAUT, ERIC P.

09918295	Not Issued	071	07/30/2001	METHOD FOR ESTABLISHING A VIRTUAL HARD DRIVE FOR AN EMULATED COMPUTER SYSTEM RUNNING ON A HOST COMPUTER SYSTEM	TRAUT, ERIC P.
09906392	Not Issued	061	07/16/2001	SYSTEM AND METHOD FOR THE LOGICAL SUBSTITUTION OF PROCESSOR CONTROL IN AN EMULATED COMPUTING ENVIRONMENT	TRAUT, ERIC P.
09809731	Not Issued	061	03/15/2001	METHOD FOR HYBRID PROCESSING OF SOFTWARE INSTRUCTIONS OF AN EMULATED COMPUTER SYSTEM	TRAUT, ERIC P.
09747492	Not Issued	094	12/21/2000	SYSTEM AND METHOD FOR THE LOGICAL SUBSTITUTION OF PROCESSOR CONTROL IN AN EMULATED COMPUTING ENVIRONMENT	TRAUT, ERIC P.
09617709	6651132	150	07/17/2000	SYSTEM AND METHOD FOR EMULATING THE OPERATION OF A TRANSLATION LOOK- ASIDE BUFFER	TRAUT, ERIC P.
09617669	Not Issued	071	07/17/2000	SYSTEM AND METHOD FOR DISPLAYING CURRENT IMAGES OF VIRTUAL MACHINE ENVIRONMENTS	TRAUT, ERIC P.
08906375	5790825	150	08/05/1997	METHOD FOR EMULATING GUEST INSTRUCTIONS ON A HOST COMPUTER THROUGH DYNAMIC RECOMPILATION OF HOST INSTRUCTIONS	TRAUT, ERIC P.
08555166	Not Issued	166	11/08/1995	METHOD FOR EMULATING GUEST INSTRUCTIONS ON A HOST COMPUTER THROUGH DYNAMIC RECOMPILATION OF HOST INSTRUCTIONS	TRAUT, ERIC P.
08409477	6256658	150		APPARATUS FOR EXECUTING A PLURALITY OF PROGRAM SEGMENTS HAVING DIFFERENT OBJECT CODE TYPES IN A SINGLE PROGRAM OR PROCESSOR ENVIRONMENT	
07993923	<u>5452456</u>	150	12/18/1992	APPARATUS FOR EXECUTING A PLURALITY OF PROGRAM	TRAUT, ERIC P.

PROGRAM OR PROCESSOR ENVIRONMENT
----------------------------------

Inventor Search Completed: No Records to Display.

Search Another:	Last Name	First Name	
Search Another: 1	IRAUI	ERIC	Search

To go back use Back button on your browser toolbar.

Back to PALM | ASSIGNMENT | OASIS | Home page

**PALM INTRANET** 

Day: Wednesday

Date: 6/8/2005 Time: 11:15:16

## **Inventor Name Search Result**

Your Search was:

Last Name = GILES First Name = AARON

Application#	Patent#	Status	Date Filed	Title	Inventor Name 7
60282111	Not Issued	159	04/07/2001	METHOD FOR ESTABLISHING A DRIVE IMAGE IN A COMPUTING ENVIRONMENT	GILES, AARON
<u>10794898</u>	Not Issued	030	03/05/2004	SYSTEMS AND METHODS FOR DATA ENCRYPTION USING PLUGINS WITHIN VIRTUAL SYSTEMS AND SUBSYSTEMS	GILES, AARON
09918295	Not Issued	071	07/30/2001	METHOD FOR ESTABLISHING A VIRTUAL HARD DRIVE FOR AN EMULATED COMPUTER SYSTEM RUNNING ON A HOST COMPUTER SYSTEM	GILES, AARON S.
09809731	Not Issued	061	03/15/2001	METHOD FOR HYBRID PROCESSING OF SOFTWARE INSTRUCTIONS OF AN EMULATED COMPUTER SYSTEM	GILES, AARON
09617624	Not Issued	071	07/17/2000	SYSTEM AND METHOD FOR EMULATING THE OPERATION OF A VIDEO GRAPHICS ADAPTER	GILES, AARON
09222461	6115054	150	12/29/1998	GRAPHICS PROCESSOR EMULATION SYSTEM AND METHOD WITH ADAPTIVE FRAME SKIPPING TO MAINTAIN SYNCHRONIZATION BETWEEN EMULATION TIME AND REAL TIME	GILES, AARON S.

Inventor Search Completed: No Records to Display.

Search Another: Inventor	Last Name		First Name	
Scarch Another: Inventor	GILES	; <b>;</b> - · ·	RON	Search

To go back use Back button on your browser toolbar.

Back to PALM | ASSIGNMENT | OASIS | Home page

PALM INTRANET

Day: Wednesday

Date: 6/8/2005 Time: 11:15:58

#### **Inventor Name Search Result**

Your Search was:

Last Name = CHAKRABORTY

First Name = PARAG

Application#	Patent#	Status	Date Filed	Title	Inventor Name 5
60282111	Not Issued	159		METHOD FOR ESTABLISHING A DRIVE IMAGE IN A COMPUTING ENVIRONMENT	CHAKRABORTY, PARAG
11112273	Not Issued	020		METHOD AND SYSTEM FOR A RESOURCE NEGOTIATION BETWEEN VIRTUAL MACHINES	CHAKRABORTY, PARAG
11089951	Not Issued	019		MECHANISM TO STORE INFORMATION DESCRIBING A VIRTUAL MACHINE IN A VIRTUAL DISK IMAGE	CHAKRABORTY, PARAG
09918295	Not Issued	071		METHOD FOR ESTABLISHING A VIRTUAL HARD DRIVE FOR AN EMULATED COMPUTER SYSTEM RUNNING ON A HOST COMPUTER SYSTEM	CHAKRABORTY, PARAG

Inventor Search Completed: No Records to Display.

**Last Name First Name** Search Another: Inventor CHAKRABORTY PARAG Search

To go back use Back button on your browser toolbar.

Back to PALM | ASSIGNMENT | OASIS | Home page